McKean County Miner.

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NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner

ROGERS & SON, Proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

... N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives ... p. m., and leaves at ... a. m.
... & R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. and leaves at ... a. m. and 7:10 ...

... Mail leaves at 12:15 p. m. ... 1:30 p. m.

... arrives every Tuesday, Thursday ... and departs at 1:30 p. ...

... minutes before leaving time. ... will not be issued or Letters ... between 12 m. and 2:30 p. m. ... Sunday for delivery of mail ... p. m.

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... SMITH, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

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C. W. FICKMAN, N. G.

... WHITEHILL, Sec'y.

... Encampment, No. 273, I. O. O. F. ... first and third Wednesdays of ... month in I. O. O. F. Hall.

... SEVERSON, Chief Patriarch.

... Scribe.

G. A. R.

... A. R. meets every Thursday evening at ... o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, ... Block.

... S. G. BUSH, Com.

... Adjutant.

W. R. C.

... Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. ... Backus Block.

Miss LENA WRIGHT, Prest.

... Sec'y.

Knights of St. John and Malta.

... Encampment, No. 77, meets every ... evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.

F. A. THOMAS, Em. Com.

... Chancellor.

A. O. U. W.

... Lodge, No. 162, meets every ... and 1st Tuesday evening of each ... A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

... M. W.

... Recorder.

E. A. U.

... second and Fourth Wednesday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.

L. ROGERS, President.

... Secretary.

K. O. T. M.

... every Monday evening at 7:30 in Backus ...

SAMUEL FRY, Com.

... R. K.

C. M. B. A.

... Branch 31, meets second and ... Wednesdays of each month at E. A. U. ...

JAMES McKEAN, Prest.

... Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.

... alternate Wednesday afternoon, ... in their hall, Backus Block.

Mrs. D. L. FORSYTH, Prest.

... M. E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

Knights of St. Martin and the Iron Cross.

... Backus Hall on first and third ... of the month at 7 p. m.

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... Chapel, East Smethport. ... HUNTER McCANDLESS, Rector. ... every Sunday at ... p. m. Sunday ... p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets ... at ... m.

... Catholic Church, J. J. GALLI ... at 10:30 a. m. ... Sunday school at 3 p. m. Services on ... Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

... J. G. HANN, pastor. Preaching ... morning at 10:30. Sabbath ... preaching every Sunday ... o'clock, and class meeting at close ... Prayer meeting Thursday ...

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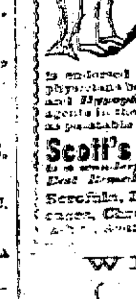
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A SAFE DEPOSIT

By REV. E. EVERETT HALE, D. D.

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CHAPTER V.



She handed her bank book to the teller.

Edith Lane resolved once and again after her father's return that she would tell him that she had lost her bonds. But all day he was at his office, and each time when he returned she hated to tell him, and so put it off till morning. Each morning he was in haste for his breakfast, and the poor girl put it off again. After the second of these failures she had no chance. As she came home in the afternoon from an early archery party she found a note from her father saying that he was called to New York. This was followed by a telegram from New York saying he was called to London. And so poor Edith was left to her own newly acquired skill in managing her own business for the next six weeks.

What soon became very clear was that she must have money. Indeed this is something which generally becomes clear to most people in modern society. Edith first made the mistake which many other people make of thinking that it will do any good to say aloud, "I must have some money." She said this to the looking glass twice as she dressed herself. But no money came from that. As to housekeeping and wages there was no trouble. The housekeeper had been supplied. But for herself Edith knew there would be trouble very soon.

She at once put herself on short allowance. She did not go into a shop. She passed the most attractive book stores saying, "Lead us not into temptation." She went on foot if she could not ride in her own carriage, by which I mean she never took the people's carriage—the street car. She was even mean enough to put a nickle into the contribution box at church, sitting in the very pew where the deacon was always sure of a five dollar bill. But then Edith made an account of this, and solemnly pledged herself for every nickle she laid on the altar to place a ten dollar bill when—she had it. Dear child, she knew the difference between little turtle doves and good large lambs. These economies she kept up steadily. But economies do not create money.

And it seemed as if never were the unexpected expenses so terrible. Then came a bill for annual costs at the cemetery which her father had forgotten. Edith promptly paid that. Then came her annual subscription at the Sheltering Arms, her assessment at the Ladies' Relief and the Sewing Women's Friend. The same afternoon came a man from the Oklahoma free school. Every young lady of her acquaintance had subscribed $10. Dr. Witherspoon had recommended it, and Edith knew that she was expected to subscribe. Endless appeals were made, in fact, from one and another similar charity. And as a climax the 1st of July came and all her quarterly bills. The footing was terrible. And she with so little in her pocket, and, if there was any virtue in arithmetic, not $10 in the Waverley bank!

Edith, on the 2d of July, did what you or I would have done. She ordered her coupe and bade James take her to the Amicable again. It was just possible that the things might have changed themselves back again.

The warders knew her and told her it was a pleasant morning, as it was. But it seemed to Edith that they looked on her with an inquiring air, as if they wondered that she dared to come. Still she braced herself to her duty. She gave the mystic number and she produced her key, at which the bolt flew back at the right moment, just as it does in the "Forty Thieves." She carried the tin box out to the very same cell she had occupied before. She felt as if she were a nun in a convent. She opened the box and—there was nothing there. Then she waited a little—poor child; this was to deceive the warders. Then she locked the box and carried it back. She dared not look them in the face as they bade her good day, but she felt in every bone that they disapproved of her and even scorned her. Sadly and doubtfully she bade James take her home, and he did so.

An idea had crossed her in the cell. The bonds she had in place of hers were not hers. No. But they took the place of hers. Now as she could not cut off her own coupons and deposit them in the Waverley bank as her father had taught her, might not she honestly cut off these coupons and deposit them, replacing them when the moment came by her own?

It is quite clear, dear reader, to an instructed conscience like yours and mine that she might not; but Edith had accustomed herself to think of these coupons as so much money, and as she certainly would have taken so many greenbacks had she left them in her box and found them there without looking to see if they were the bills of one bank or of another, so she supposed, though she supposed wrongly, that a coupon of the Cattaraugus and Opelousas was money as truly as a coupon of the C., B. & Q. If only it were dated rightly.

She was a little confused when she found that no coupons had been cut off the Cattaraugus and Opelousas bonds for five years, but little did she know of the weaknesses of that enterprise. She did know that her quarter's coupons on her own bonds would have yielded her $540; she made out that amount as well as she could from the Cattaraugus and Opelousas coupons, took no more than she needed, wrote a memorandum of what she had done and pinned it upon the coupons. "For," she said, "I may die," and she remembered that she had heard her father say that some written memorandum must be left for the benefit of executors.

She then ordered her carriage again and rode to the Waverley bank. She handed her bank book to the teller, as she had done before, and the man bowed, as the other men bowed, and said it was a fine day. She also said it was a fine day, but the spell did not work. When he looked at the coupons he made no entry in her little book. Indeed she thought he started, and he crossed the room and spoke to his chief. The attentive chief at once came to the window.

"Miss Lane," he said, "your father has made a mistake. These are Cattaraugus and Opelousas coupons, and you know it is long since those could be negotiated. I think your coupons are C., B. and Q., C. K. and W., and from United States bonds, are they not?"

"Are these not just the same thing?" said Edith, feeling as if she should sink through the ground. "I know nothing about it, only I found them in my safe." Here she held closely to the truth.

She could see a vague smile of contempt pass over the cashier's face as he said: "Well, I don't know what hopeful people would say, Miss Lane, only these things have no value on the market. Bring us around your C., B. and Q. and we will cash them for you gladly."

Then as she was turning away the teller whispered to him again, and he said, "Do not give yourself any trouble, but you have overdrawn your account a little."

Poor Edith did not know what this meant, and he explained that she had drawn more money from the bank than she had in it; that this would be made clear to her as she looked at the checks which the teller gave her. It was of no consequence, the cashier said; only he thought he would call her attention to it. So poor Edith left the bank without any money, and feeling that she was much deeper down in the bog of disgrace than she had known.

Fortunately she did not understand that, if anybody had supposed that she was dishonest in overdrawing her bank account, she could have been arrested before she left the building. This would not have happened, however, in any circumstance to her father's daughter. The Waverley bank was a new bank, and the people were very glad that he had brought her account and placed it there. Edith retired to her carriage with as good grace as she could, and bade James to take her home.

CHAPTER VI.

She had several courses before her. First, she could telegraph to her father in London: "I am disgraced and without money. What shall I do?" Second—and of this she thought seriously—she could go to Dr. Witherspoon, who had christened her twenty years ago, and had received her into the church six years ago, and loved her as her father did.

This would have been the wisest thing for her to do, but she had a sense of mortification which hindered her from doing this. Then she thought over the list of her mother's old friends among the ladies of Tamworth, and there was not one of them whom she liked as a counselor. Then she remembered a sermon which Dr. Witherspoon had preached a few weeks before, of which the doctrine was, "Face Your Perplexities." He had told them they should not run away from their perplexities, but must look them in the face and find out how great they were. She remembered that some man she had talked with not long before had told her that the turning point of Robinson Crusoe's fortunes comes in the moment when he faces his perplexities. On some piece of paper he had, with some ink he had made, he wrote them down so that he could look at them and see what they were. Edith took a sheet of note paper and proceeded to write down hers. The list took the following order:

1. I am a fool.

2. I believe I am a thief, but am not certain.

3. I have no money.

4. I have taken from the Waverley bank $47 which I had no right to.

By adding up the amount on her checks and comparing it with her own account she had found the fatal mistake which showed that instead of having $40 in the bank she had taken out $47 more than she should have done.

Edith's list went on:

5. I owe honest tradespeople who have trusted me $172.11.

6. I wish I had as much as $75 in the house, if it were only to keep up decent appearances till papa gets home.

7. In fact I have $11.97. I suppose the housekeeper would lend me something, but I do not like to ask her, and I have no right to starve the family.

Then, by an unfortunate suggestion of one of those lower powers who have been alluded to, who are permitted to have some part in the government of this world, under strict orders from higher authorities, however, it happened that Edith remembered a horrible scandal which had convulsed Tamworth a year or two before, when a certain Mrs. John Fisher had borrowed a thousand dollars at a jeweler's on the pledge of a bracelet, which became very famous in the scandal of the town.

Edith said to herself: "I wonder if I could not borrow $200 of somebody? I think if I were a man I should know how to borrow $200. I observe in books that men always borrow money when they want it. I do not see why I cannot borrow this money."

For Edith had been so little tempted in her younger life that she had never learned what most young men learn when they are younger—that there are two devils of special danger in modern life: that the larger devil is named Drink and the smaller devil is named Debt. There had been no occasion for Edith to have these lessons taught her, and though the poor child had had some reasons to know the first devil—as everybody has in American life—she was profoundly unconscious of the dangers of the temptations of the second. She did know what a horrible scrape Mrs. John Fisher had got into, and she dreaded any such scrape. But on the other hand she knew that in the jewel case under her hand were baubles she never used, which were worth twenty times the sum that would make her perfectly comfortable till her father came home. And so it was that having read in novels about poor people pledging what they had to borrow money the thought did cross her mind that she might borrow something, if she knew how, on the pledge of some part of her jewelry.

It is a very curious phenomenon belonging to human nature, whether of men or women, that a person in a scrape generally prefers to tell some utter stranger of his trouble and not to tell some near or intimate friend. This is not the place to discuss the reason for this phenomenon, but it is a phenomenon observable by all people who hold the position of general counsel for mankind. This phenomenon showed itself in Edith's case. She did not go to Dr. Witherspoon; she did not go to her father's partner; she did not go to any of her somewhat distant relatives in Tamworth, nor, as has been said, to any of the old friends of the family. But before night came on she felt as if she should die if she did not take advice of somebody. She made her choice of a confidant almost at hazard.

CHAPTER VII.

It happened that that was the evening for the meeting of the Chautauquan circle to which Edith belonged. The girl had rather tired of gay society after the first two winters that followed her "coming out." She had danced quite well, she had received a good deal of attention, she had tasted that cup pretty thoroughly, and then, without being cynical at all about it, she thought she had drunk about as much of it as she wanted. On the other hand, some near friends of hers had engaged in the Chautauquan course of reading; she was sitting with them one evening when some reading aloud went on, and found herself interested in the solid and practical work which they had engaged in. She thought rightly that she had time to make up some back work, had sent to Plainfield to connect herself with the circle and had become one of the most diligent of the readers.

This accident determined her now in the choice of her adviser.

She had meant today to make some afternoon visits. But the day was hot and the air sultry, and she made this an excuse for sending James with his carriage back to the stable. She would go to Vincent chapel in the evening. And to Vincent chapel she went. It was the last meeting of the circle before the summer recess.

She had been chosen secretary and recorder of the Gill circle at the meeting in April, and her record was carefully prepared. It was the year for English history, and they had set apart the subject—always interesting to young people—of Mary Stuart for their evening discussion. That happened which is apt to happen, that all the women were very hard on poor Mary, while all the men defended her. As there were more women than men the men had to stand well to their guns.

"I understand the president very well," said Edith firmly. "I meant to do justice to his argument before. But it seems to me to mean this—that because this woman was pretty she is to be excused for being wicked, and that because she was a woman it is to be expected that she will act like a fool."

They all laughed heartily at this, and the president hastened to say that this was not the center of his position; that Mary certainly had been very badly educated, etc., etc., etc., and that Bothwell had, etc., etc., etc., and that John Knox had, etc., etc., etc., and so on, and so on, as may be imagined.

"Still, I cannot see that this changes our opinion on the question whether she did right or wrong."

This was the unflinching reply of the stern Edith. "It shows why she did wrong, but it does not show that she did right—unless the president means that when a woman dresses her hair in a becoming way, and invents a new head-dress, she may do as she chooses."

After this it may be imagined that the president and Edith were very good friends through the rest of that evening, and the reader will not be surprised that in the simple and admirable code of Tamworth and of that circle Edith asked him, as they ate their ice cream together, if he would do her the favor to walk home with her. She had not liked to fix a time for the carriage, she said. He gladly agreed to do so, as any young man in Tamworth would have been glad to do.

So soon as they were well in the street, away from light, Edith, who had studied out the whole conversation in advance, said to him: "I have a question of conscience on which I want the advice of a man—of a business man. My father is away for six weeks. I find there is a mistake about my money, and I have overdrawn at the bank on my private account. Now it happens that I have received $100 by accident—I know not from whom. It is lying in my desk unused. Should you think I might use that, as if it were lent to me, and repay it when my father comes home?"

The president heard her through, waited a moment and then said: "I believe at law you might. I doubt if you could be sued for doing it. But it is not a nice thing to do. If it had been you would not be in doubt yourself."

"Thank you," said Edith. "You feel just as I do." But he did not let her go on. "You see," he said, "your unknown correspondent might appear to-morrow morning, and you would want to have her money ready for her. You would do much better to borrow yourself at your bank or of some friend."

"I have so many friends," said Edith, more bitterly than she meant, "that I cannot select, and I am afraid my father would be wretchedly annoyed if he knew I was in this scrape, though really it is from no fault of mine. I cannot well borrow at the bank without saying that he has been careless or making people think so. It gives a certain publicity to the mistake he made when he thought that for six weeks I could—paddle my own canoe."

"I do not think there is such publicity as you fear. You see," said he good naturedly, "the bank people would be only too glad to lend your father's daughter anything. It can be most easily arranged. How much do you want?"

"Oh, I want as much as $250. These are all the subscriptions pa likes me to make—and"——

The young man laughed very lightly, as she thought.

"Pardon me," he said. "From your tone I thought you were going to say two hundred and fifty thousand. I wish, Miss Edith, you would let me lend it to you myself. You have been kind enough to ask my advice. Will you be good enough to take it?"

Edith was now taken wholly aback. She had chosen her adviser—as he said. Here was a proposal which would lift her out of the depths. For the instant she felt that if only she had the three bits of paper he spoke of she should be perfectly happy. She could see the two notes of one hundred—and one of fifty—clean two of them appeared, crisp and clean, and one flabby and dirty, before her mind's eye.

But she did not waver even for that instant. Her manner was kind enough, but absolutely firm as she declined. "You are quite right in saying that I had better ask the bank people. I will certainly do so. You are very kind, and I shall always be grateful to you for your willingness. But it will be better so."

"I hope you are not offended," said he, somewhat proudly. "You seem to be distressed. We are not in a novel. I wanted to be of use. That is all."

"Offended—how could I be offended?" said she. "I asked for information and advice. You have given me both. I shall get out of my troubles now, I see. And I shall thank you for showing me how. Will you not come in? No? Good night, then." And she gave him her hand. "Please do not think I am offended."

It was very queer. If they had only known all would have been well. For this president of the Chautauqua Circle was Antony Blake. As it was they both went home, and for two or three hours neither of them went to sleep. "Ought I have said this? Why did I say that?" In all possible forms till nature and youth asserted themselves, and the provoking conversation was forgotten.

CHAPTER VIII.

Edith rose the next morning with a new resolution. She went to her desk as soon as breakfast was over and wrote this note:

LETTERS LOST.—A parcel of six letters, dated in May, 1885, and tied together with a white ribbon. The finder will be thanked and liberally rewarded if he will send a note to O. R., at the post-office.

This advertisement she inserted in The Argus of that day. The hope she had was well enough founded. But, alas! Antony hated the politics of The Argus, which pretended to be an independent paper, and was on any side which the proprietor thought profitable. Antony never looked at any part of The Argus, least of all at the advertisements. So poor Edith's notice might have been published a month and he would have been none the wiser.

On his part, he went to the Waverley bank and asked the cashier if he would lend him $250. "What collateral?" said the cashier, who was his old ally and friend. "None," said Antony, "unless you will take stock in the Self Acting Coupler corporation, not yet organized. But if you would indorse my note I think the directors would pass it."

"Nonsense," said the cashier. "Bank rules will not permit that. But if you want $250, old fellow, here it is. Give me a memorandum and pay me when you like. Make it to me. This is not the bank's money; it is mine. You know I am glad to serve you."

Antony thanked him and said, what was true, that he would do as much for him gladly. Then he went to the Amicable reading room and wrote to Edith this letter:

ANTONY BLAKE TO EDITH LANE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, July 3.

MY DEAR MISS LANE—As I absolutely have these bills in my hand I take the liberty of asking you to use them as you will. There is no reason why you should have the annoyance of addressing the officers of the bank. Please imagine me to be president of the Waverley bank, as well as president of the Chautauqua circle. Very truly yours,

ANTONY BLAKE.

So poor Edith actually saw her way clear to pay all her debts by incurring this one very pleasant debt to this one very gentlemanly man. She asked the servant if the bearer were waiting and was told he had gone.

"Send James to me. I want to send a note down town."

EDITH LANE TO ANTONY BLAKE.

DEAR MR. BLAKE—You are most kind. But already I see my way out of my embarrassments, and I return the notes at once. Very truly yours,

EDITH LANE.

James found Antony at the St. Clair, where he had been bidden to go.

Antony did not quite like the note. It seemed to him a little shorter or more sharp than it need be. Anyway, if she could be proud he could also. He put the note in his pocket and turned it over in his mind all through a long interview which he had with the Runrills, who had sent for him again.

Then he determined to call on Miss Edith that evening. But lest she should be out he wrote the following letter:

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, July 3.

MY DEAR MISS LANE—Lest I do not find you at home I venture to write. For I have at bottom the feeling that you think I have taken a liberty and presumed on the confidence which you gave me so generously last evening.

I want simply to say that you are unjust to me if you think so. I know that from the standard of the novel writers of fifty years ago my proposal was not to be heard of. But I think the standard of America is higher and better. I hope the standard of Tamworth is higher and better. I think men and women meet each other with mutual respect and mutual confidence. It is not in vain that we go to the same schools, work in the same causes, study in the same circles, and in a word live in the same life.

If you and I were "Henry and Emma" or "Paul and Virginia" or "Silly and Billy" or "Fergus and Evelyn" or any other absurd people in novel of course you would not wish to have me help you in any sensible way, and I should never think of proposing to. But seeing we are plain Tamworth people, members of the same church and officers in the same circle, I see no harm in what I have done, and I will not say I do. Truly yours,

ANTONY BLAKE.

When Edith came home late from a long drive which she had taken in the country this note was waiting for her.

She read it more than half through with approval of the young man's pluck and pride. But when she came to "Fergus and Evelyn" the words seemed to stand out of the paper.

Or was she crazy herself? Did she see words which were not there?

Or were there ever two other people in love with each other with those two names?

She read the note through and then went to her father's den. She looked in the Telephone Directory, and then asked for 297.

"Hello!

"Does Mr. Antony Blake live in the St. Clair?—

"Ask Mr. Antony Blake if he can come to No. 99 Curwen street."

In ten minutes Mr. Antony Blake was there, though it was half-past 10 at night.

"Mr. Blake, pardon me for troubling you, but who are Fergus and Evelyn?"

"I am sure I do not know. I wish I did," he said ruefully.

Poor Edith! She could have dropped on the floor for her disappointment.

"What did you mean then, Mr. Blake, when you said Silly and Billy, Evelyn and Fergus?"

She had read the words forty times while he was coming.

Now it was his turn to blush and stammer. Nor did he see how near was the crisis.

"Oh—only—well, you see—well, I once had some letters—I thought they were love letters—addressed to Evelyn Somebody and Fergus Somebody. I do not know who the Somebodys were. The letters were not mine. I put them away."

"Where did you put them? Where are they now?"

"Where? They are in my safe at the Amicable. I wish I knew where they ought to be."

And Edith was herself again. "Mr. Blake, I think it is for me to turn over to you some property of yours I have here. Indeed, I did not steal it. But are not these Cattaraugus bonds yours, and this hundred dollars, perhaps, too?" And she handed him the well known parcel.

CHAPTER IX.

Mr. Lane's absence in England was prolonged, and it was September before he returned. Edith met him at the Tamworth station with the carriage to bring him home.

"I have so much to tell you, papa, and I do not know how to begin."

"It is clear that it is good news," said he; "you look so well. And you are a good woman of business—that has appeared all through from your letters."

"That you will have to judge of, papa." At that moment as they crossed the station her father saw Antony Blake, pressed his hand warmly and asked him to come and see them, which Antony said he would gladly do.

"That young man," said Mr. Lane as they entered the carriage, "is one of the most successful young men in this state. Whyncliffe has been talking to me about him half the time as we came on from New York. Why, Edith, he has an invention which will save thousands of lives and must be used on every railroad. He has established a new machine shop here to make his couplings, and Whyncliffe and all of them are crazy about him."

"But, Edith, he is no stranger to you; you used to know him. He is the same man who was in your reading club."



"I have so much to tell you, papa."

"Yes, papa—and, papa, he has asked me to marry him, and I have told him I would ask you. But really, papa, he is the best man in the world, and I shall never marry any one else."

Thus it was that Edith made her revelation. It was not until the wedding day, however, that she told her father that the new machine shop was built with the proceeds of the sales of her government and C. B. and Q.'s.

THE END.

BUTTER MAKING.

Useful Suggestions from The Dairy World About Churning and Salting.

The cream for each churning should all be gathered into one vessel and kept cool and sweet. A good practice for fall and winter is to mix 25 per cent. of pure water with the cream before it becomes sour. The whole of it should be well stirred every time fresh cream is added, and half a dozen times a day besides. Two days before the churning is to be done about one quart of cream for every four pailsful to be churned (or a quantity equal to 2 per cent.) should be set apart and kept as warm as 70 degs. Fahr. One day before the churning that small quantity of cream, called a fermentation starter, which will then be sour, should be added to the quantity which is intended for churning and be mixed therewith. It should afterward be kept at a temperature of 60 degs.

During summer the best churning temperature is 57 degs. to 58 degs.; during late fall and winter 62 degs. to 64 degs. are preferable. The agitation of churning should be kept up till the butter comes into particles larger than clover seed. The buttermilk should then be drawn off, and pure water at 55 degs. added in its place. By churning this for a minute or two the butter will be washed free from milk while it is still in a granular state. The milky water may then be drawn off and replaced by a weak brine at the same temperature. After a minute's churning the butter may be left to drain in the churn for half an hour before it is removed to be pressed and salted. Pure salt of medium fineness and with a soft velvety to the touch should be used.

Requirements of Nut Trees.

In a paper read before the American Pomological society, H. M. Engle had the following to say concerning the requirements of nut trees: The different nuts require various soils and locations; walnuts flourish best in rich loam; butternuts thrive in similar soils; both bear transplanting well. Pecans and shellbarks have long and heavy tap-roots, and must be carefully managed. They should be transplanted once or twice in the nursery, and by cutting off part of the tap root they will throw out side roots, after which there is little risk in their removal. Wherever the peach and Mazzard cherry flourish the chestnut will succeed—i. e., in light soils, either sand, slate or gravel.

Pennsylvania has large areas of chestnut forest which are cleared once in twenty or twenty-five years for the timber. In this country, on such trees do not amount to much as the woods grow too dense and the nuts are small. But a new departure has been made which we trust will spread extensively. After clearing the land, when the sprouts are of one season's growth, they are grafted with some improved variety, at such distances as trees should stand were they planted for fruiting, and all the rest are destroyed and kept down. The oldest of these trees are now but two seasons' growth since they were grafted, but some have already borne fruit, and indications are that in a comparatively short time there will be nut orchards in full bearing instead of timber forests.

Queen Bees.

In a paper read by a successful woman bee keeper at the Ohio convention of apiarists she told what the queen should be in the following words:

The queen mother should be a well developed queen of whatever race or combination of races one may choose—I prefer a pure Italian strain and a queen in her second year. For the trade I would use only imported Italian queens. By getting new queens every year there would be no danger of interbreeding. I do not want a queen so unsatisfactory to the bees that they are trying to supersede her, either because she is too old or unprolific or for some unknown reason, for I believe in the law of heredity in bees as well as in man or the lower animals, and I do not think it possible for a queen of the latter sort to produce as hardy, prolific queen progeny as the former.

Sowing Rye.

Where rye is sown for the grain there are so many uses and so much demand for the straw that it becomes a profitable part of the crop. If both are removed from the land manure of some kind must be applied or a rotation with clover used to keep up the fertility. Rye can be sown to great advantage for winter pasture when the ground is frozen, or, what will usually be better, it can be cut and fed green to the dairy cows along with their dry food in the spring before the pastures are sufficiently grown. In this way the succulent food that cattle crave in the spring can be supplied, and the cows be kept off from the pasture field until the grass is old enough to have some substance. The green rye stubble can then be plowed under, and the land be ready for another crop without any sensible decrease in its fertility.

Notes and Comments.

The practice of drilling corn for grain crops is on the increase.

Broken oyster shells and bone are both excellent food for hens.

Level culture is now very generally practised for corn.

Dampness is invariably the open door to roup. Fill up all hollow places where filthy water accumulates after a rain.

A South Carolina dairyman says: "There is no advantage in warming milk above the heat of the animal and setting it in water at a low temperature except that it hastens the cream to the top in about two to four hours. There is no advantage to me in raising cream in two to four hours, as the cows are not ready to be milked before ten to twelve hours."

Charcoal in some form and lime should always be kept convenient where the fowls can help themselves.

Fat hens that do not lay will not produce many eggs after they reach such a condition. Fat is detrimental to egg production. Such hens should be marketed.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The label on your paper shows the time to which it is paid.

If you want the address of your paper changed, give the old address as well as the new.

If you want your paper stopped, pay up arrearages, otherwise you will continue liable. The paper is sent to you whether you take it from the office or not.

If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. We send every man's paper ... and the trouble is with the mails when not received.

Remember that for $1.50 ... the MINER and Philadelphia Weekly PRESS one year.

IN THE APIARY.

Helpful Hints About the Successful Wintering of Bees.

The season is at hand when the wintering of bees becomes a subject of importance to apiarists in the northern states. Bee keepers concur in the statement that as yet no plan has been devised that combines all the essentials to successful wintering. Thomas G. Newman names the following as absolute requisites for safe wintering, and the best apicultural authorities agree with him: 1. An even temperature, varying from 42 to 45 degs. 2. Complete expulsion or absorption of moisture from the body of the hive. 3. Perfect freedom from outward disturbances. 4. Protection of stores from contact with the frost. 5. Protracted isolation from atmospheric changes in the spring. 6. Exclusion of light. 7. Sufficient stores for winter consumption.

Whether to winter bees in a cellar or on summer stands is an open question. Some practice one plan and some another. When one has a dry cellar, in which a uniform temperature can be maintained, the cellar is an excellent place. Apiarists vary as to when bees should be put into the cellar. Some do this as soon as the bees are through storing honey, while others leave them out until the last moment. As no fixed date can be given, owing to the variation of localities and seasons, a good general rule is to leave the bees out until they are through breeding pollen and have a flight or two after it. Where this work is done fairly late the bees will exhibit but little activity when slightly disturbed. It will be wise, however, to make the move as carefully as possible.

Among the various devices that have proved effective in ordinary winters for wintering bees on summer stands are chaff packed hives. There are double walled hives with four or five inch chambers filled with chaff. These hives are preferred by such well known apiarists as A. J. Cook and O. O. Poppleton. Mr. Poppleton's directions for using these hives run somewhat as follows: Pack before cold weather and do not remove the packing until the cold weather has come to stay. Place on all sides of the bees fine chaff, below as well as above. Have as much empty space as possible inside the hive and outside the packing, and do not let the cover of the hive rest on the packing. It will be found more convenient to confine the chaff in sacks. Crowd the bees on to a few frames and the packing close to the bees. Make winter passages through all the combs. Some apiarists use sawdust in place of chaff. Another plan is that of surrounding the hive in a box sufficiently large to admit of the required packing of chaff, straw or shavings.

At a recent convention of Canadian apiarists a number of the members advocated wintering on summer stands, in double walled hives, with an abundance of packing on top and all around the hives. The importance of making sure that each colony has a queen and plenty of food, also of crowding the bees on as few frames as possible, was emphasized by several speakers. One member, who wintered his bees in a cellar and had never lost a colony, said that his rule is to put them in with the first frost and take them out when the willows are in bloom.

Protecting Crops from Frost.

Every reader knows that some thin covering, such as is afforded by newspapers, old sheets and the like, will protect the plants so covered from frost. Professor Hazen's explanation of this protection is that the thin covering prevents the sod and plants from radiating their heat. He says: "If we can produce an artificial covering or cloud, no matter how thin, we shall accomplish the desired protection." He advises that farmers having crops to protect shall, when frost is imminent, try burning damp refuse straw, horse stable bedding or damp chips to the windward of a field. In order to determine just where to locate this smoldering fire burn a little damp straw, and the direction of the smoke will show on which side of the field the straw should be scattered. If the smoke should go straight up Professor Hazen advises that the straw be burned near the center of the field. When the sky is cloudy or the wind high there is, as most readers know, but little danger from frost.

The New York State Fair.

The largest number of exhibits ever made at a New York fair was at the late fiftieth annual exhibition of the State fair at the new grounds, near Syracuse. There were entered 1,159 cattle, 523 horses, 669 sheep, 327 swine, 1,064 poultry, making the total of live stock 3,712. The grand total of all exhibits was 5,027.

Here and There.

The aggregate value of eggs shipped from Canada to the United States in 1890 is placed at over $2,000,000.

Phylloxera threatens Champagne, in France, from which vine district comes the champagne wines.

The total number of cotton mills in the south now, according to the secretary of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, is 336, with 40,819 looms and 1,819,291 spindles.

In Ohio fruit is reported less than half a crop.

It will pay to save the pits of the best peaches and plant them this fall a couple of inches deep.

Grains are being more largely grown at the south than ever before.

From the northwest come reports of a short flax crop.

The culture of grapes is on the increase in Canada.

It is told that there are 15,000 acres of land devoted to tomatoes in New Jersey and seventy-three canneries to take them.

The condition of the potato crop, according to Statistician Dodge, is 65.7, or the lowest average ever before reported.

The potato crop is a short one in Europe, rot and blight having been widespread.

Every Home Should Have It.

It is not always convenient to call a physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a physician always at hand, it kills rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are a few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them, Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. Trial bottle free at Frank Foster's drug store.

—Subscribe for the MINER.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

[illegible]

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 17, 1890.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. G. W. DELAMATER
of Crawford county

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
HON. L. A. WATRES
of Lackawanna county

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS
HON. THOS. J. STEWART
of Montgomery county

FOR CONGRESSMAN
[illegible]

HON. C. W. STONE
of Warren county

FOR MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY
[illegible]
of Duke Centre,
[illegible] GRIFFITH
of Kane

FOR SHERIFF
WALTER GRUBB
of Smethport

FOR PROTHONOTARY
J. M. McELROY
of Bradford

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
JOHN B. CHAPMAN
of Bradford

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
JAMES GOODWIN
of [illegible]
S. D. SIMAR
of [illegible]

FOR AUDITORS
A. N. BEARD
of Bradford
J. H. LIDDELL
of Wetmore

[illegible] is a good fellow and socially one of the most popular men in his borough. But politically no one so popular with Republicans and why should he be. There is no more strenuous partisan in the county than he. Why is he asking Republicans to vote for him. They should ask him one question: "Did you ever vote for a Republican in your life?" [illegible] for a popular man to [illegible] votes from the opposing party [illegible] when he is inclined to a [illegible] on that score. But a [illegible] whose rule is inflexible never to [illegible] a candidate of the opposite party ought not to expect to run ahead of his ticket.

[illegible] Miller, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was stricken with paralysis while returning from court to his home in Washington on Saturday and died on Monday evening at [illegible]. Judge Miller was born in Richmond, Ky., April 5, 1816. He graduated in the medical department of Transylvania University in [illegible] and practiced medicine [illegible] years, but afterwards became a lawyer. In 1850 he removed to Iowa, where he became a prominent leader among the Republicans [illegible]. In 1862 President Lincoln appointed him Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. He was at the time of his death the oldest justice in continuous service on the Supreme Court bench.

[illegible] the burial act [illegible] the door to fraud is, if possible, [illegible] nothing to the soldiers [illegible] extravagance. Naturally [illegible] veterans of the neighbor[hood] would be the parties who would assume charge of the burial arrangements of a deceased indigent comrade [illegible], any fraud were practiced [illegible] would be the perpetrators of it, or a [illegible] in collusion with it. This appears to be the estimate that Mr Pattison and his apologists place upon the integrity of the average Union veteran. Mr Pattison's veto of this [illegible] placed him in a very unpopular position with the surviving soldiers, but all his floundering in the attempt to account himself only makes his position the worse. — *Reading Times*

Hon. C. W. Stone was a member of the committee on Reception at the Republican mass meeting in Bradford on Thursday evening of last week, and was conspicuously present at the meeting in the opera house as well as at the armory later in the evening, sitting on the platform with the [illegible] at both meetings. He was also at the reception given Senator Delamater and his friends by the [illegible] after the meeting. This shows how Gen. [illegible] straight-out Republican who wrote to the *Era* from [illegible] 13th as follows: "I am informed that Hon. C. W. Stone [illegible] from attending the Delamater meeting in Bradford for the reason that he might offend Emery, and it is said his brother C. W. is carrying water on both shoulders. That kind [illegible] will make no votes for the [illegible] candidate for Congress in this district."

The Republican mass meeting in Bradford on Thursday night of last week was certainly a great success. It must have been exceedingly gratifying to Senator Delamater, the Republican candidate for Governor, and Messrs. Watres and Stewart, the other candidates on the Republican State ticket, to receive so royal a welcome in the town which has the reputation of containing more kickers to the square inch than any town in the State. The regular meeting at the Opera House and the overflow meeting at the Armory were literally packed with humanity. The speeches were all first class and Senator Delamater had the satisfaction of meeting the Republicans of McKean county face to face, and convincing them that he was not guilty of the crimes of bribery, perjury and fee [illegible] which he had been charged [illegible] of the county. [illegible] must have been productive of much good to the Republicans [illegible].

MR. SONBERGH'S CANDIDACY.

Oscar Thoren, a Swedish American, and one of Port Allegany's leading business men, has addressed long letters to prominent Swedes all over the county explaining to them the workings of the late Republican County Convention. Also the necessity of defeating the Republican candidates at the next election. He says "if we ever expect to be recognized by the Republicans we must show them that we hold the balance of power by voting the Democratic ticket this fall." The letter is full of facts and arguments and shows how money was spent to defeat Sonbergh's nomination. It is creating a sensation among the Swedish voters of the county. — *Era.*

As the *Era* says, Mr Thoren is a leading citizen of Port Allegany, but if he states in his letters that Mr Sonbergh was defeated by the use of money he is not giving the facts to his countrymen. The cause of Mr Sonbergh's defeat, and none other could have defeated him, was the allegations made by the *Vart Nya Hem*, the influential Swede paper published in Jamestown N. Y. These allegations were to the effect that Mr Sonbergh received from ex Senator Emery $300 in money to be distributed among certain Swede papers for their influence in promoting Mr Emery's nomination for Congress which he did not distribute. This paper has a large circulation among the Swedes of this county and the statement referred to [illegible] of that nationality who were opposed to Mr Sonbergh's nomination. No sooner had they seen it than the attention of others was called to it when the statement was translated, published in English and scattered all over the county. The writer of this as soon as possible after having seen the statement called Mr Sonbergh's attention to it and assured him that unless he proved conclusively its utter falsity in the most public manner possible it would result in his defeat. He promised to get a letter from Mr Emery denying the accusation of the Jamestown paper but failed to do so. In fact he made no effort to our knowledge to counteract the effect of the publication. It was all well to travel and intrude himself from one end of the county to the other and his overwhelming defeat in the nominating convention was the inevitable result. To say that money was used to defeat him is the sheerest bosh. The editor of the *Vart Nya Hem* wrote letters for publication in the MINER showing that his original assertions which he declined to publish because of the injury they would do Mr Sonbergh in his canvass. If any reputable Swede comes to a Republican County Convention with clean hands and asks for a nomination he will receive recognition as readily as did Mr Lindell at the last convention. The Swedes are generally Republicans and it is well for them to give uniform [illegible] and false representations of the enemy due consideration before they allow themselves to be governed by them.

THE CONTRAST

McKean county needs an able lawyer for District Attorney; contrast the candidates and mark the difference. J. W. Bouton is a lawyer and is in every way fitted to fill the office with honor and credit to both the county and himself. How is it with John Chapman? — *Reporter*

Mr Bouton is a near neighbor of the editor of the MINER, and he is a gentleman we regard very highly. It is not improbable that had the above low fling not appeared in a prominent Democratic paper in the county the MINER would have said nothing further in reference to the contest for the office of District Attorney but the challenge is thrown out to contrast the candidates and mark the difference, and if Mr Bouton suffers because of that contrast he can only blame the *Reporter* for forcing the comparison. Mr Chapman and Mr Bouton are both young men of excellent character and nothing can be gained by traducing either. As to the professional career of the two men and their ability as lawyers we take the liberty of copying what the *Star* said on that subject a few nights since as follows:

Mr Chapman has practiced law in the courts of this and other counties eleven years, during which time he has been engaged in some of the most important cases before the court. He is the working member of the firm of W. B. Chapman & Son, one of the leading law firms of the county, and has had nearly a dozen years experience in a large and varied practice, such as comes to all prominent attorneys in a busy city with all sorts of clashing interests and every form of litigation. Mr Bouton was only admitted to the bar five or six years ago, and has thus had but half the years of experience of Mr Chapman. His business as a lawyer is looking over the records in the Prothonotary's office, searching titles and making transcripts of judgments. It is considerably more lucrative than the active work of a lawyer in a live city, but it is not much of a test as to brain or ability and furnishes about as much experience to fit one for the public prosecutor as does the work of a book keeper or bank clerk. Mr Bouton has been successful in this sort of clerical work and we are glad to know that he has found it financially a very profitable branch of the profession. It is not his fault, perhaps, that he has not attained a prominent position or much experience in legal practice before the court, but it is rather due to his location and preference for more profitable office work. We agree with the *Reporter* that Mr Bouton is a lawyer. Mr Chapman is also a lawyer by practice in all its branches as well as profession and has had double the number of years experience. How is it with Joseph Bouton?

DELAMATER'S RESPONSE.

Senator J. S. Rutan took exceptions to Senator Delamater's reference to him in his Bradford speech and the next morning Mr Rutan sent a long telegram to the Pittsburgh *Dispatch* in which the following appears:

I have his own letters to prove that he is a demagogue, a falsifier and a holder of stolen goods. I sincerely hope he will prosecute me for libel in order to enable me to justify myself.

In the presence of an immense assemblage in the Somerset court house on Monday last, Senator Delamater answers the foregoing in the following vigorous language and amidst the greatest enthusiasm:

I have here and now to say that Senator Rutan is at liberty—yea, I invite, challenge, and demand that he publish any letters of mine which may enlighten the public. Let us turn on the light, while I ask your suffrages. Because I am a Republican and represent the Republican party I want no man's vote except he thinks I am an honest man.

SOLDIERS AND PATTISON.

Democratic War Veterans Issue an Address to Their Comrades.

The following address has been issued by a committee which represents one hundred and fifty Democratic war veterans opposed to the election of Robert E. Pattison, as Governor of the State:

To the Union soldiers of Pennsylvania:

COMRADES — It is not intended to ask you to give us your attention to hear anything from the standpoint of politics. There is no politics in what we are about to say to you but we hope and we believe that there is common sense in the matter.

The two great political parties of the State have placed in nomination their candidates for Governor. The Republicans have nominated George W. Delamater of Crawford county while the Democrats have nominated Ex Governor Robert E. Pattison, of Philadelphia. One of these candidates will be elected. Both cannot be. Which one shall the men who fought to save the Union support?

Is there any one of us who would give our votes to the man who virtually decided when he was Governor that the old soldier who dropped dead on the street, without friends or means to defray the expenses of a decent burial, should go to the Potters' Field? Is there any one of us who would give our votes to the man who disregarded the action of the House and Senate of Pennsylvania, which unanimously passed the bill appropriating the small sum of thirty five dollars to bury the old soldier who died in destitution by vetoing the bill and thus condemning the body of the destitute veteran to go to the Potters Field or to the dissecting table of the medical college?

The Democratic soldiers of Philadelphia, to the number of one hundred and fifty, assembled in public meeting in Dougherty's Hall, on the 22d of August 1890, unanimously adopted resolutions condemning the action of Robert E. Pattison in vetoing the soldiers burial bill and declaring likewise by a unanimous vote to cast their ballots for Geo. W. Delamater, the Republican nominee for Governor, who comes of fighting stock and who will stand by a soldier.

Comrades as we have said, this is not a question of politics with us. It is a question affecting our welfare as Union soldiers and the honor of our names after we shall have passed away. We do not know in what school Robert E. Pattison, the Democratic nominee for Governor, was brought up. We know however that his action in vetoing the soldiers burial bill was not the act of a man friendly to the soldiers or to their interests.

We know that while this same Robert E. Pattison was receiving his education in the best schools of Philadelphia and eating the bread of plenty and sleeping the sleep of comfort safely and luxuriously in his home the old soldier whom he doomed by his act to the paupers' grave was at the front risking his life suffering hardships and losing the best days of his youth in fighting to preserve the very home in which Robert E. Pattison rested with so much security and comfort.

We know that later on when the soldiers had returned home crippled and maimed and impoverished and were seeking work at hard and lowly occupations this same Robert E. Pattison was drawing $[illegible] a year from the city of Philadelphia as Controller, and that the total amount of money he drew from the public treasury for himself from 1877 until the beginning of 1883, when he stepped out of the Controllership to be the Governor, was over $50,000.

Was it not little enough, comrades, for this man who had been so well taken care of by the public, who had fitted himself to hold such well paid positions in the best schools of Philadelphia while the soldiers were away at the front fighting and suffering untold hardships that he and others like him might live in security and comfort—was it not little enough for him when he became Governor of the State to have remembered these things and to have approved the unanimous action of the House and Senate in passing the soldiers burial bill, instead of disapproving of it and doomed the old soldiers remains, when his race of life was run to a dishonored grave?

Comrades, there is no exaggeration or false coloring in what we say. The legislative records will bear out every word with reference to the veto of the soldiers burial bill. All we ask of you is to think of your destitute old comrades on election day and vote as you think.

GEORGE L. MYERS, chairman, Second Pennsylvania R. V. C.
D. H. FORWELL, Secretary, One hundred Nineteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers.
N. M. THORP, Seventh Indiana Cavalry.
Captain DANIEL H. CONNORS, ex officer Second Pennsylvania R. V. C.
Committee of Democratic war veterans.

CONGRESSMAN MASON ON PENSIONS

Congressman Mason, the popular representative from Chicago who was a product of Cattaraugus county N. Y., recently addressed the Union Association in Washington. Among other things he said, looking straight at a Grand Army man, that the pension appropriations of this Congress were liberal but not liberal enough. "I was not old enough," he said with much feeling, "to fight with you but, thank God, I am old enough to fight for you. I would be more proud to wear a little bronze button such as you wear, if I could honorably do so, than the most brilliant diamond that ever flashed its rays into the eyes of man. I would rather hang on the walls of my modest home an honorable discharge from my country's service than to plaster them with the masterpieces of art."

Last week we published a "Notice" signed by all the members of the council of Smethport borough in which they state positively that the statement is false which is being circulated around the county alleged to have been made by Mr Brownell at a certain meeting of the council, to-wit: "If Johnson or any other Swede is appointed I will resign." Mr Brownell is burgess and the council is composed of three Republicans and three Democrats. The appointment referred to was that of Street Commissioner. We have no more idea that Mr. Brownell made that statement than we have that "a prominent Republican official says he can buy Swede votes for $2 apiece." This statement, we understand Mr Hall, the Democratic candidate for Representative, is industriously circulating through the townships of Hamlin and Wetmore. The statement was never made by any county official, but however untrue it is it will be used for all it is worth in making political capital.

An exchange very truthfully says, "Candidate Pattison is a Marylander, but he has lived in this State long enough to learn that Pennsylvania is in favor of giving the soldiers a decent burial. The living veterans will impress the lesson upon Brother Pattison with a club."

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

HARRISBURG, October 13.—Republicans in the State have need of little fear of the result of this fall's contest for Governor. The campaign increases in warmth and interest as election day draws closer, and the signs of the times point clearly to a Republican victory.

In the grand triumphal march of Senator Delamater through the State he is met at all points by enthusiastic crowds and warm receptions, and in the public utterances of all the Republican candidates the issues of the hour are discussed and Republicans are proud to record the fact that our candidates do not indulge in the smut and slander that is so common to Pattison's Democratic circus at every point where a stop for exhibition is made. Of course the clown of the Democratic aggregation, Billy Hensel of Lancaster, does the funny acts and he is always ready with his vilification and abuse of the Republican candidates. General Hancock, when he was the Democratic candidate for President refused to accept the tariff question as one of the issues of his campaign declaring that it was a local question and had no place in a Presidential canvass. The voters of the land at once took up the declaration of the Democratic candidate and won the victory on the live issue of the day. The Democratic party in the present campaign thus far have persistently declared that there are no important questions in the present canvass and their fight is being made without one telling to campaign issue but injecting lots of personal abuse and vilification and the voters on November 4th will say as they did in the Hancock contest we have no use for the Democracy and no Democrat, [illegible] shall again disgrace the Executive chair in the Keystone State.

Of course our Democratic friends are a united and loving party. This [illegible] wherever an important meeting is held and no later than last Saturday evening at the Philadelphia Academy of Music this harmony was [illegible] to be striking. Senator Wallace reached New York from Europe several days ago and he at once declared that his private affairs by reason of his long absence in Europe demanded his immediate attention and he would have no time to spare to devote to the political canvass. This did not please the Pattison managers and strong influences were at once set to work on Wallace to persuade him to [illegible] at the Philadelphia meeting on Saturday evening last. Wallace's sympathies were not in the campaign but it was a desperate chance and it was represented that if he failed to respond to the cause which was declining [illegible] besides future preferment was his in certain emergencies if he would respond favorably. The [illegible] county statesman at last yielded and consented. To lick the stick that chastised him, it must have been humiliating to Wallace to be found upon the same platform with Pattison, Harrity, Singerly and company and advocating the election of the man, who Wallace himself, a few months ago declared was nominated by the most corrupt use of money and the foulest of political barterings ever known at a political convention. Wallace had hosts of friends at this meeting but when he rose to speak over a thousand of his followers arose from their seats and left the hall. It is said that Wallace was so embarrassed by this proceeding that it was some time after order was restored before he could proceed with his speech of eulogy on Pattison. The leaders of the faction that left the hall used this means to show Wallace that his course was condemned and that his true friends did not propose to follow him.

Of course the Democratic party is chuck full of harmony. Col. Singerly of the Philadelphia *Record* and the champion of free trade among Pennsylvania journalists, is just now in a dilemma because of the passage of the McKinley tariff bill. He is at the forks of a road whereon finger board points to a road which leads to consistency but to follow it would mean a loss to Singerly of dollars and cents. The other finger board points to a road which would lead the free trader to large pecuniary profits, but it would compel an acknowledgment that the tariff bill is a good measure and protection to home industries the salvation of this country.

To explain: Some time ago Singerly was one of a party of capitalists who taking advantage of the embarrassment of the owners of the celebrated Conshohocken Woolen and Carpet Mills purchased this property which was valued at $150,000 for $65,000. Because of the low tariff on wools then existing the mills were shut down because foreign competition was so great that the mills could not keep running. The enactment of the McKinley tariff bill into a law and the protection it gives home industries and products makes it possible for Mr Singerly to re open these mills and run them at considerable profit, but he must, in doing this, give his endorsement to the good results that will follow the enactment of the McKinley tariff bill into a law. This is Singerly's dilemma and tariff advocates are watching with much curiosity to see what he will do. It is said the mills will start up again in the spring with some twelve hundred hands employed.

Apropos of the McKinley bill it is curious to see the complaints that come across the water about dull trade and times. Under former tariff measures the United States has kept the mills and industries of foreign lands running and our own idle. The new tariff changes this and all over our land comes the glad news of revived trade under the protection given by the new tariff bill.

This is Republican legislation. The Republican party stands pledged to a protective tariff and Senator Delamater the standard bearer of the party in the Keystone State, stands pledged to the pledges of his party. There ought to be no hesitancy on the part of Republican voters in deciding which candidate to support, Delamater the protectionist, or Pattison, the free trader.

The best signs in the world that the McKinley bill is a wise measure is the fact that foreign manufacturers are complaining so bitterly because their goods are shut out of our home markets. In other words, European cheap labor will no longer be supported by the United States, but our home products and home manufactures under the protection of the new law will start our idle mills and give employment to thousands of idle artisans and mechanics at home.

Vermont and Idaho have endorsed the McKinley bill, let it not be said that the Keystone State has faltered. Republicans do your duty, and in spite of free traders, mugwumps, bogomiles and Chooses elect your entire State, Legislative and County tickets and send back to Vermont and Idaho the glad greetings that were sent you.

SPECIAL.—The Democratic *Record*, of Philadelphia, of October 6th, insults every Union veteran of the war of 1861 65 and attempts to prove that Pattison's veto of the soldiers burial bill was right. It distorts figures and forgets to show that in cases where the law was used to cover up false charges for services a deceased veteran, the exorbitant charges collected were by Democrats. This is true at least, in several instances familiar to your correspondent. Democracy is against the veterans and the veterans should unite and [illegible].

The law is just. It is right and proper. If its provisions are abused it is not the fault of the law. It is the fault of the mercenary and unscrupulous scoundrels who [illegible] are entrusted with the said remains of deceased veterans. Such men would [illegible] the *Record* needs no further answer. The veterans will answer it ally on November 4th.

ALCROFT

THE names of the persons referred to by ex Senator Emery in his Bradford speech as X, Y, Z having been disclosed by a correspondent of the New York *World*, Mr Emery admits that the right persons have been named. X is ex Senator Homer S. Humes, who served in Harrisburg from the Fiftieth Senatorial district (Crawford county) from 1883 to 1886; Y is ex Representative L. C. Beach, of Meadville, who was in the Legislature for the term of 1885-86. Z is Robert Odell, a former journalist of Meadville, who is now a resident of a Western State. Ex Senator Humes is one of the leading Democrats of Western Penna. Ex Representative Beach is a Republican. Replying to inquiries, ex Senator Emery says: "In view of the fact that the press of the country has in some way found who those persons are, I deem it a duty of the first importance to the public and myself to frankly say that the names made public are those of the persons represented in my speech by the letters X, Y and Z. I have kept faithfully their desire and proved by so doing my honor as a gentleman and now can see that further attempt at concealment would only be construed and distorted into an evasion of one of the main points of my arraignment. Can it be possible that either Mr Humes or Mr Beach are self confessed bribers?"

MINNESOTA has the proud distinction of furnishing a brand new and decidedly interesting sensation. A man lately died in that State leaving a fortune estimated at $4,000,000 which he willed to his wife and four of his five children. The remaining child who is said to have been uncommonly wayward, was left nothing. His father evidently intending the zero to express his appreciation of the boy's character and achievements. Well a telegram from St Paul states that the widow has declined to probate the will and with the consent of the other heirs will burn it. Of course, if this philanthropic purpose is carried out, the wayward boy will get his share of the $4,000,000 and the Minnesota lawyers who were expecting to attack or to defend the will will doubtless be more or less prostrated with grief. A good many people hold that the worst use that you can put a man to is to hang him. But the course of human events goes far to prove that the best use a will can be put to is to treat it as the Minnesota one is to be served. — *Tribune*

A DISPATCH from Vienna of Oct 14th says that the municipal authorities of that city have voted 5,000 florins for the fund for the relief of working men thrown out of employment through the operation of the new United States tariff law. That is the way the McKinley tariff law will work. It will give employment to American workmen instead of foreigners. The Mills bill, which was ex President Cleveland's pet measure, would have given employment to foreign instead of American workmen.

GEN. W. W. BELKNAP, Secretary of War during President Grant's second term was found dead in his bed in the Evans building, New York Avenue, Washington, on Monday morning last at 9 o'clock. He was not seen after 12 o'clock Saturday night. From an examination the physicians expressed the opinion that he died from a stroke of apoplexy and probably early Sunday morning.

Geo D. Mitchell
Attorney at Law and Solicitor of Pensions and Patents. Box 353 Washington, D. C. Clerk Senate Pension Committee for last 5 years. If you like PROMPTNESS write me. Glad to give advice.
17oct-3m

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God Save the Commonwealth!

Election Proclamation.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections in this Commonwealth," approved the [illegible] day of July A. D. 1839, I, W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff of the County of McKean, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of McKean on TUESDAY, the 4th day of NOVEMBER next (it being the [illegible]) at which time [illegible] officers are to be elected, to-wit:

One person for Governor of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent [illegible] in the Congress of the United States [illegible] death of Hon. Lewis F. Watson.

One person to represent the 27th Congressional District in the Fifty-[second] Congress.

Two persons to represent McKean county in the State House of Representatives.

One person for Sheriff of McKean county.

One person for Prothonotary, Register and Recorder and Clerk of the Courts of McKean county.

One person for District Attorney of McKean county.

Three persons for Commissioners of McKean county.

Three persons for Auditors of McKean county.

I also make known and give notice that in pursuance of a proclamation of JAMES A. BEAVER, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that a special election will be held in the said county of McKean, on Tuesday, the 4th day of November A. D. 1890, for the purpose of electing a Representative in the [illegible] of [illegible] of Lewis F. Watson, deceased. [illegible] copy of said proclamation:

IN THE NAME AND BY THE AUTHORITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

JAMES A. BEAVER, GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH
TO WILLIAM B. CLARKE, ESQ., HIGH SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY OF McKEAN, SENDS GREETING

WHEREAS in the recent death of the Honorable Lewis F. Watson who was a member of the Fifty-first Congress from the Twenty-seventh Congressional District of this Commonwealth composed of the Counties of Venango, Warren, McKean and Cameron a vacancy exists in the representation of this State in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States.

Now Therefore I, James A. Beaver, Governor as aforesaid in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and of an Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine having issued this writ commanding you the said Wm. B. Clarke, High Sheriff as aforesaid to hold an election in the County of McKean on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November being the fourth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety for the election of a representative of the people of this Commonwealth in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States [illegible] vacancy as aforesaid and you are hereby required and enjoined to give full notice, and cause to be held and conducted the said election, and make return thereof in manner and form as by law is directed and required.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, Pa., this Twenty fourth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and of the Commonwealth the one hundred and fifteenth.

By the Governor. CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid Act I am directed, that every person excepting justices of the peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or of this State or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or the United States or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and the State Legislature and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or any other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

Also that in Section 4 of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to Elections and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid section shall not be construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk of any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

By Act of Assembly of July 2, 1839, it is also made the duty of every mayor, sheriff, alderman, justice of the peace, constable, deputy constable of every city, township, district within the Commonwealth whenever called upon by an officer of an election or by three qualified electors thereof, to clear any window or avenue to the window of the place of general election which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same, and it shall be the duty of every respective constable of such ward, district or township within this commonwealth to be present in person or by deputy at the place of holding elections in such ward, district or township for the purpose of preserving the peace as aforesaid.

Also that a section 1 of Act of Assembly entitled "An Act regulating the mode of voting at elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth," approved March 30, 1866, it is enacted that the qualified voters of the several counties of this commonwealth at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for and to be labeled outside "judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers and shall be labeled "state"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for including office of senator, member and members of assembly and of congress, if voted for and be labeled "county"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labeled "township," one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for and be labeled "borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

I also here make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid general election in the several townships, boroughs and wards within the county of McKean, are as follows, to-wit:

The township of Annin at the Rixford school House.

BRADFORD CITY

First Ward—First district—Pullman House in Congress street.

First Ward—Second district—Myers' office, corner of Congress and Corydon streets.

Second Ward—At the Universalist Church Corydon street.

Third Ward—Office of Brown & Norris on west side of Mechanic street.

Fourth Ward—Williams & Kennedy's office on Kennedy street, near saw mill.

Fifth Ward—Robert's tank shop on Main street, near bridge.

BRADFORD TOWNSHIP

District No. 1—At the Town Hall, Custer.

District No. 2—At the Clark school House.

KENDALL BOROUGH

First district—At the Fuller House, corner of Main and Railroad streets.

Second district—At school House on Kendall street.

The township of Ceres at the house of E. J. Barber.

The township of Corydon at the house of B. D. Tome, on Willow Creek.

The borough of Eldred at hose house. [illegible]

The township of Eldred at the Township House on the south side of King street or Barden Brook road.

FOSTER TOWNSHIP

First District—At the building of Lansberry Brothers at Foster Brook.

Second district—At the Corwin store, Corwin Centre.

The township of Hamlin at the Public House of W. W. Brewer.

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP.

First District—At the school house in Ludlow.

Second district—At public school house No. 1.

KEATING TOWNSHIP

First district—At the hotel of John H. Sowers in the village of East Smethport.

Second district—At the McCormick building in the village of Coleville, opposite and near to the Wilcox drug store.

Third district—At the hall of the Ancient Order of United Workmen at Hevis City.

The borough of Kane at the brick school house corner Greeves and Edgar streets.

LAFAYETTE TOWNSHIP

First district—At the school house in Lafayette Corners.

Second district—At the village of Big Shanty, in the basement of the building known as the Maccabees Hall, in this district.

The township of Liberty at the Moore school house in district No. 8 in said township.

The borough of Port Allegany at Garthwait's hall (east side).

The township of Norwich at the house of C. C. Burdick.

OTTO TOWNSHIP.

First district—In the building known as "Union Hall" in the village of Duke Centre in said township.

Second district—At new school building known as the "white school building," to-wit: Room No. 1, situated on the New City Road.

The township of Sergeant at the building known as lower Clermont school house.

The borough of Smethport in southeast corner of basement in the court house.

The township of Wetmore at the East Kane school house.

Polls to be open at 7 o'clock a. m., and to be closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

I also call your attention to the following section of the Election Law of Pennsylvania:

SECTION 13. As soon as the polls shall close the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for and make a full return of the same in triplicate with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers if any, or if not so certified the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote as soon as counted shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted and the same shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house for the information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and be sealed in the presence of the officers and one envelope with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally paper and oaths of officers and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty four miles if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock p. m. of the next day after the election and all other judges shall before twelve o'clock m. of the second day after election, deliver said returns together with return sheets to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return sheet shall be filed and the day and hour of filing marked thereon and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection.

Given under my hand this 6th day of October A. D. 1890.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

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The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

BROOKLYN, Conn., May 5, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:
[illegible] Last Summer I cured a Curb upon my horse with your celebrated Kendall's Spavin Cure and it was the best job I ever saw done. I have a dozen empty bottles, having used it with perfect success, on every thing I tried it on. My neighbor had a horse with a very bad Spavin that made him lame, he asked me how to cure it. I recommended Kendall's Spavin Cure. He cured the Spavin in just three weeks.
Yours respectfully,
WOLCOTT WITTER.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 4, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:
[illegible] I have been selling more of Kendall's Spavin Cure and Flint's Condition Powders than ever before. One man said to me, it was the best [illegible] I ever kept and the best he ever used.
Respectfully,
OTTO L. HOFFMAN.

CHITTENANGO, N. Y., May 19, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:
Gentlemen: I have used several bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure with perfect success, on a valuable and blooded mare that was quite lame with a Bone Spavin. The mare is now entirely free from lameness and shows no bunch on the joint.
Respectfully,
F. H. HUTCHINS.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

MONROE, La., May 3, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:
Gents: I think it my duty to render you my thanks for your far famed Kendall's Spavin Cure. I had a four year old filly which I prized very highly. She had a very severe swollen leg. I tried eight different kinds of medicines which did no good. I purchased a bottle of your Kendall's Spavin Cure which cured her in four days.
I remain yours,
MARION DOWDEN.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors, DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the World there is but One Cure, Dr Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it effecting a speedy and permanent cure whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day think they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence,
GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO.,
18-89—1y 185 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

HASKILL & BURDICK,
LIFE, FIRE,
AND
ACCIDENT INSURANCE AGENTS.
Also agents for the sale of
Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines,
BANK BUILDING MAIN ST.
v27n16yl. Smethport, Penna.

FOR SALE.—House and lot cheap and on easy payments. Inquire of O. D. BUSH, East Smethport, Pa. Sept. 19, 1890.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.,
THE LEADING
CLOTHIERS,
SMETHPORT, PA.

CUSTOM CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
Full suitings, Overcoatings, Pantaloonings and Vestings. The finest line in this section of the country.

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
A Full and Complete Line. Prices to correspond with the times, and satisfaction guaranteed in every case.
A FULL LINE OF BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

The latest novelties and finest stock of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
MEN'S BOOTS AN DSHOES,
HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.
H. W. RUBIN & CO.

IMPORTANT.

I have moved my stock of goods two doors west of my store, into Mr. J. F. Rooney's building, where I am now receiving new goods for Fall and Winter wear. The goods now on sale are of the latest styles, and in a few days others will arrive, so that my stock will soon be complete, and will be sold at the lowest possible figures.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

Smethport, Sept. 28th 1890—tf

AT
THE GREEN GROCERY
YOU WILL FIND
Lettuce, Asparagus, Onions, Etc. All kinds of Fruit in Season.

MY GENERAL STOCK EMBRACES
Everything in the line of Gents' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. I am headquarters for

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,
Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line. And don't you forget when you are looking for some fine

CONFECTIONERY
I can show you, at all times, as complete an assortment as you will find in any town of this size. Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts and Farinaceous Goods.

GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.
GEO. A. BACKUS.
Opposite Court House, Main Street, Smethport.

BROWNELL BROS,
SMETHPORT, PA.,

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

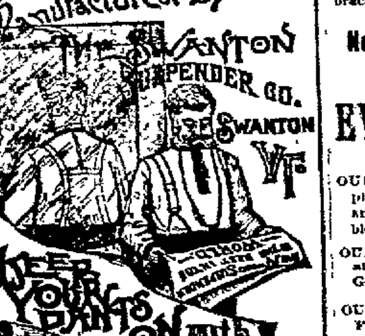
Novelties in Every Department.
Designed for the
EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR EPECUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.



We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

New Trans-Continental Route
VIA CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL AND NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROADS

Through Pullman Sleeping Car leaves Chicago daily at 5.30 p. m.
For St. Paul and Minneapolis.
" Fargo, North Dakota.
" Helena and Butte, Montana.
" The Yellowstone Park.
" Spokane Falls and Tacoma.
" Portland, Oregon.
Best Route to Seattle and all North Pacific coast points.
The Scenic line to California, via Portland and the Shasta Route.
Tickets on sale everywhere.
For information apply to any Agent, or address A. V. H. Carpenter, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES PEERLESS DYES
Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.
They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by [illegible]

TO WEAK MEN
Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

[illegible] boys a [illegible]

[illegible] Institute next week.

[illegible] two weeks from Friday.

[illegible] house now has [illegible]

[illegible] and scarlet fever are pre- [illegible] county.

Warren county Teachers' Insti- [illegible] week.

[illegible] in our [illegible] walks [illegible] before snow [illegible]

The foundation for the new brick [illegible] already been completed in [illegible]

[illegible] are six new buildings in course [illegible] nearly completed, in this [illegible]

[illegible] of the court house which [illegible] in a bad condition for some time, [illegible] paired.

[illegible] Wilson, John Swanson, [illegible] Chris Shirer are sick [illegible] typhoid fever.

[illegible] named the new town [illegible] The author of that name is [illegible] leather medal.

The services at the Baptist Church, [illegible] next will be conducted by [illegible] Stowell, of Kane.

[illegible] are crippling the business of the [illegible] pension attorneys.

The magnificent First Presbyterian [illegible] of Jamestown, N. Y., was d- [illegible] by fire Thursday morning of last [illegible]

[illegible] the wonderful [illegible] Ten Nights in a Bar Room [illegible] special attraction only seven [illegible]

[illegible] recently made to blow [illegible] in Bradford county by [illegible] cartridges in the flues of [illegible]

A united effort will be made by the [illegible] Pennsylvania at the next [illegible] the Legislature, to have their [illegible] increased.

[illegible] toy's fair and dance, at [illegible] quarters on Fulton street next [illegible] help many strangers to while [illegible] otherwise dull hours.

[illegible] of the [illegible] club [illegible] at their rooms to-morrow [illegible] o'clock at Liberty [illegible] requested to be present.

A law recently passed in Denmark [illegible] all drunken persons shall be [illegible] at the expense [illegible] sold them the last [illegible]

[illegible] extensive lumber [illegible] Elk county, was relieved of [illegible] while returning home on a train [illegible] East Liverpool, Ohio, last [illegible]

[illegible] Nights in a Bar Room" at the [illegible] to-night and to-morrow. This is an entirely new version of [illegible] temperance drama and no [illegible]

[illegible] saw mill of the Crosby [illegible] Company at Newerf recently [illegible] has been completed by a [illegible] and in a few weeks will [illegible] in operation.

[illegible] has built a neat pleasure [illegible] which has been launched in Marvin [illegible] We understand that Reese will [illegible] himself in readiness to take out [illegible] parties at all times.

The prize which Mr. J. M. McElroy [illegible] on the fourth of November [illegible] probably be more highly prized by [illegible] the one drawn at the Catholic [illegible] although a very handsome one.

Next week Friday, the 24th inst. has [illegible] designated as Autumn Arbor Day [illegible] out of shade trees by our [illegible] in front of their residences, [illegible] very appropriate way to [illegible] the day.

Westmoreland county claims the [illegible] young lady on earth, says [illegible] Her name is Miss Della [illegible] weight is [illegible] pounds.

[illegible] engine and boiler in Gifford's [illegible] mill having been found inadequate [illegible] put upon them by the [illegible] of the new gang Mr. Gifford [illegible] last week, to procure a new boiler [illegible] mill will again be [illegible]

A cheap girl.—A Detroit girl [illegible] has eaten nothing but brown [illegible] for the last seven weeks, [illegible] gained a couple of pounds [illegible] Her father is using his best [illegible] to get the other [illegible] children [illegible]—*Detroit Free Press.*

[illegible] Pollith of Shunk in the way [illegible] county paper speaks of E. I. [illegible] Whatever may be said, Mr. [illegible] past services to his party has [illegible] many friends, who, while they [illegible] a mistaken course in [illegible] canvass, will always entitle [illegible] respect.

[illegible] having been completed [illegible] moving her goods back to [illegible] stand, which is now more com- [illegible] lighted, neat and attractive [illegible] another fine building added [illegible] already large number in Smethport [illegible] is deserving of credit for [illegible] enterprise displayed.

Mrs. [illegible] Morrison, Secretary of St. Luke's Guild, requests us to say that [illegible] of St. Luke's Parish, which [illegible] have taken place on their Parish [illegible] day, which occurs Saturday, Oct. [illegible] will not be observed this year, the [illegible] in the Backus building which the [illegible] fitting up for that [illegible] not being ready for occupancy.

How much longer is the Street Com- [illegible] to allow the sewer on State [illegible] Water which was opened [illegible] ago to remain in its present [illegible] It seems to us that every [illegible] to the health of the com- [illegible] should be promptly attended to, [illegible] sure that open sewers will [illegible] very beneficial effect on [illegible] health.

[illegible] says that Americans [illegible] than they are getting [illegible] them so nervous and the [illegible] so popular. It you can [illegible] early this is early. If you [illegible] till late, the [illegible] for one man to [illegible] for another to [illegible] may readers to get up [illegible]

[illegible] thousand acres of timber in [illegible] recently conveyed from [illegible] of Ridgway, A. Kaul, of [illegible] of North [illegible] of Olean. The pur- [illegible] $30,000. The tract is [illegible] with hemlock and var- [illegible] hard woods, and is perhaps [illegible] virgin tract [illegible] of the [illegible] hemlock belt."

A Read of Johnston.—Judge (to burglar). "It has been proven that you made a burglarious entrance into a jewelry store on Broadway and forced the safe open. What defense have you to offer?" Burglar—"Please your honor, I am not a burglar. I'm a mind reader. It was a combination safe, and I opened it blindfold on a bet." Judge—"Well, I'll bet you don't open any more for a good while. Safes are safer with such men in Sing Sing."—*Texas Siftings.*

—W. J. Knight, who has been secured to lecture before the Teachers' Institute, next Monday evening, is one of the survivors of the Andrews raid in Georgia in 1862, when twenty-two Union soldiers captured a locomotive and train in the midst of a camp of rebel soldiers and raided the enemy's line of railroad. His lecture will be illustrated with a number of life size oil paintings, representing the leading incidents in this wonderful expedition.

—A board of health with power to adopt and carry out sanitary measures seems to be an absolute necessity. In New York and other states every small town has its health board, and as soon as an epidemic disease makes its appearance steps are taken to prevent its spread. We do not mean by this that any epidemic is raging in Smethport but the number of cases of typhoid fever during the past few months, and at present existing calls for speedy action.

—The very successful fair and dance for the benefit of St. Elizabeth's Catholic Church was brought to a close on Saturday night last. The week was a very enjoyable one to a large number of persons in attendance at [illegible] our towns people. Among the first prize winners were John Doyle, who received the gold watch. J. M. McElroy [illegible] Mrs. Andrew Reilly [illegible] Many lesser prizes were awarded most of which went to outside parties.

To purify a room, set a pitcher of water in the apartment and in a few hours it will have absorbed all the respired gases in the room, the air of which will become purer, but the water utterly filthy. The colder the water the greater the capacity to absorb these gases. At the ordinary temperature a pail of water will absorb a pint of carbonic gas and several pints of ammonia gas. The capacity is nearly doubled by reducing the water to the temperature of ice.

When the leaves begin to turn and the swallows hie southward it reminds us of the coming of the pleasant time when the frost is on the pumpkin and the harvest moon shines bright though we have cold days the shorter and the longer ones of night. When [illegible] the boys assemble with the girls bright [illegible] that huskin' apple together in an apple-paring bee [illegible] the old-fashioned things they used to do of yore with the backlog in the fire-place and the fat hog strung on the [illegible].—*Exchange.*

It is now a [illegible] our graded school which is nearly full capacity. As the number is constantly increasing it is becoming more and more manifest that the question of enlarging or otherwise arranging for the influx of scholars will soon be an all important one. Prof. Vader so informed us on Saturday last [illegible] room for [illegible] in the higher grades. Misses Hibbard and [illegible] already have their full quota, while Miss Knapp still asks for but [illegible] has its pupils held for room.

A man in a neighboring county says the golden rod is responsible for many of the cases of influenza so prevalent at this season of the year. A while ago his little daughter gathered a large bunch and put it in a vase in the parlor. Two sleeping apartments are in the same floor and the doors are frequently left open at night. Two days after the flowers had been carried into the home several members of the family began to sneeze, complain of sore throat and feel greatly depressed. But not for several days did they find out the cause of their illness.

—We had occasion to visit [illegible] and looking over what [illegible] the committee having in charge the [illegible] for next week that our [illegible] are bound to excel all former effort to please all who may favor them with a visit. From our knowledge of the hospitality of Smethport firemen on former occasions we can confidently assure those who attend that they will not be disappointed. The boys are using [illegible] material for [illegible] and as they cannot call on everybody they would be pleased to have those who can do so leave their contributions either at the post office or the hose house.

—A delegation from Cypress Encampment Knights of St. John and Malta, headed by Past Commander Hibbard, and Eminent Commander Hall drove over from Mt. Alton on Tuesday evening and made Keystone Encampment a fraternal visit. After the reception of novices the order of business was dispensed and the evening spent in fraternal associations. Speeches were made by Sir Knights Hubbard, Hall, [illegible], Sutton, Washburn, Fitzpatrick, [illegible] and others, after which the visitors were invited to lunch. Keystone Encampment were somewhat surprised, it not being known that they were to be honored with a visit and were not in shape to entertain their guests as they otherwise would. It [illegible] a very enjoyable reunion.

—The Lawry-Shippey wedding, which came off on Wednesday, October 8th at the residence of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Lawry, in Pixford was says a correspondent to the Harrisburg *Telegram* a very pleasant affair. Many guests from abroad were present and the wedding presents were numerous and valuable. Mrs. Dana Brown of Duke Centre played the wedding march and, after the impressive marriage ceremony Rev. Mr. Smith officiating the guests were agreeably entertained by the rendition of some fine instrumental music by Prof. Brock of Smethport. The happy young people started for Bradford at ten o'clock, amid a shower of slippers and good wishes. From that city they proceeded on Thursday morning to make a tour of the eastern cities.

List of Letters

Remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending Oct. 11.

Lewen, Minnie A.	Mullen, Katie
Campbell, Wm.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Norton, Bailie	Phelps, Frormhe
Hancock, Henry	Westerdal, Sophia
Lockman, Gustaf "Foreign"	

Persons calling for these letters, please say advertised and give date.

E. M. Ackley, P. M.

Chautauqua Circle.

The "Normandy C. L. S. C." will meet at the residence of Wilber Burlingame, on Friday evening, Oct. 17, at 7:30. Following is the programme:

Roll call—Members responding with quotations from English authors.
[illegible] History.........Miss Rose Dush.
[illegible] English, pages 22-[illegible]...W. Burlingame.
The Romance of English History.............Mrs. Forsyth.
[illegible].........Rev. T. W. Chamberlain.
A [illegible]...............Elmer Ash.

Personal Mention.

Attorney W. Rice, of Warren, was in town this week.

M. A. Ellbridge of Port Allegany, was in town Tuesday.

C. L. Douglas, of Bradford, was on deck, as usual this week.

Mrs. Minnie Cassidy, of Simpson, was visiting in town last week.

Hon. M. F. Elliott, of Wellsboro, was in attendance at court this week.

Lawyer J. M. McClure and wife, of Bradford, were in town this week.

Hon. C. H. Foster of Bradford, made the Miner a pleasant call on Monday.

Messrs. George E. Brownell and J. B. Laraway visited Buffalo Wednesday.

Mrs. Martha Chadwick is visiting relatives and friends in Emporium for a few weeks.

Attorney C. L. Roberts and wife of Bradford were at the county seat on Monday.

Mrs. J. K. Odell returned on Saturday from a two weeks visit to friends in Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. John Aiebold of Russell, Pa., visited Mr. and Mrs. John Quirk this week.

Charley Shuttle and Ashley [illegible] of Port Allegany, took in the [illegible] fair Friday night.

President Judge Olmsted presided at civil court this week. Judge Morrison at the criminal session.

John C. Godley, an extensive lumberman of Port Allegany, had business in Smethport last Friday.

[illegible] in the Pennsylvania [illegible]

Joe Reeves of Port Allegany was in attendance at court this week and took occasion to call at the Miner office.

Mrs. [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. William Haskell on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Gibbs of Port Allegany, and Mrs. Maud Robertson of [illegible] report are guests of Mr. H. F. Wilson.

[illegible] Chapman, who will serve as District Attorney for the coming three years was circulating about town this week.

Miss Jennie Picard left Monday [illegible] to her home in Pennsylvania, [illegible] with her sister Mrs. Frank Andrews.

E. H. Dantley who is engaged in teaching school at Emporium was visiting friends at the [illegible] week.

Mr. H. P. Vincent of Jamestown, N. Y., formerly proprietor of the Grand Hotel, was in this place [illegible] in town. He is a companion [illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. Oman [illegible] of Norwich, N. Y., who have been visiting her daughter Miss Eva [illegible] of Smethport, for the past two weeks returned to their home on Monday.

County Superintendent [illegible] was one of the instructors [illegible] Institute last week [illegible] highly spoken of [illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. Baxter [illegible] of [illegible] N. Y. and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Curtis and little daughter [illegible] N. Y. are visiting at the residence of Erastus Curtis on [illegible]

Rev. and Mrs. W. D. Lewis left last Monday to attend the [illegible] State Anniversaries [illegible] from October 20th to 24th. They will also make visits to the homes of their parents at [illegible] and [illegible] Falls, N. Y.

Rev. [illegible] H. McCandless will attend the Missionary Council of the Episcopal Church which will be in session in Pittsburgh all next week. Preliminary services meetings will be held in different parts of the city and at a [illegible] Allegheny. About fifty of the Bishops will be in attendance and delegates from most of the Diocese.

Court Proceedings.

Following are the sentences of persons convicted at the criminal term of court adjourned to those passed last week.

James S. [illegible] and [illegible] months in county jail.

W. E. [illegible] one year and 3 months in Western Penitentiary and pay a fine.

W. P. [illegible] years in Western Penitentiary and pay a fine [illegible]

[illegible] costs.

M. J. Hart [illegible] appearing he was sentenced to pay costs of prosecution.

Annie Griffin assault and battery. Nol pros entered on payment of costs.

Harry Martin verdict not guilty and the prosecutor to pay costs.

Com. vs Thomas Pratt, [illegible] Wally [illegible] not guilty.

Wm. B. Lephart forgery plead guilty but [illegible] sentence was deferred.

Wm. Baldwin non support of wife and child to pay $1 per week to wife and John [illegible] non support of wife to pay $1.50 a week to wife.

CIVIL LIST.

On Tuesday afternoon the civil list was taken up, President Judge Olmsted presiding and the following cases disposed of:

Falls Clymer & Co. vs W. C. McBride, verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $ [illegible]

W. W. Church vs M. A. Lillibridge et. al verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $[illegible]

Burke [illegible] Bros. & Co. vs J. E. Phillips verdict for Plaintiff in the sum of $[illegible]

Lil[illegible] Gibbs, vs M. J. Fleming, to recover goods unlawfully sold for debts of her husband, verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $[illegible]

C. I. [illegible] vs A. J. [illegible], verdict for [illegible] in the sum of $[illegible]

Commonwealth vs Nathan Taylor. The [illegible] agreed to [illegible] the defendant to pay the costs.

DIVORCES.

Anna Hamlin vs Peter Hamlin and Ira Peabody vs Hattie Peabody subpoenas in divorce were awarded.

Wm. D. George vs [illegible] George D. H. Jack appointed commissioner to take testimony.

Polly A. Carey vs John P. Carey C. A. Larabee appointed to take testimony.

Of the 13 cases on the docket a majority were either settled or continued and the court adjourned Thursday.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on St. Luke's Day, Saturday, Oct. 18, at 8 a. m. (Holy Communion) and at 10.30 a. m.

Service on Sunday next at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

Services at All Saints Memorial Chapel on Sunday at 2.30 p. m. Sunday school after the service.

Don't Stand that Pain.

It don't do to neglect nature's warning; aches through the system cause Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache and Pain in the Side, a prompt and safe remedy is required. Red Flag Oil, the Famous Pain Cure, fills the bill. Price 25 cents.

Are you consumptive or do you suffer with a Cough or Cold? If so use Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

AROUND THE COUNTY.

Interesting News From Various Localities As Related by Our Regular Correspondents.

BRADFORD.

The new iron bridge for the foot of Main street has been shipped.

The great comedy "Rajah" will appear at the opera house Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Forrest, of Smethport, have been visiting friends in the city.

Goodman & Goodwin have opened a clothing and shoe store in the new Bovaird & Seyfang block.

The slow paving of Kennedy street is most aggravating to the property owners and the public at large.

Scandals are almost countless in Bradford and Mother Grundy is kept bustling rehearsing the provocations.

A. I. Bannon Jr. who is attending school at Bethlehem, [illegible] in shouting "declamation" at the demonstration.

Mrs. J. M. Fuller, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Nelson has returned to her home at Springfield, Mass.

The Exempt Firemen's Association banquet of the Delamater Waters Stewart party upon the adjournment of the Republican mass meeting.

By [illegible] the Erie railroad are taking their time in constructing their new depot, but as good things come slow the public are waiting patiently.

Goodman, Weaver and Kane have resorted to the press to inform their customers of their grievances and their articles are slightly tinged with gore.

A sneak thief entered Dr. and Mrs. T. C. James' residence during the Republican parade and secured personal jewelry to the amount of $[illegible]. No clue as to the perpetrator.

The Bradford Electric Light Company are adding more machinery to their plant and [illegible] the arguments of natural gas the corporation are laying out on a light all the plants in the [illegible] will have no so well favored with natural fuel.

Mrs. T. C. Griggs has given up her position as Treasurer of the B. R. & P. railroad and left on Thursday morning for New York where he has accepted a position with the Standard Oil Company as traveling auditor. Mr. Griggs is a young man who has a [illegible] to look forward to a bright future.

Rev. S. D. Day has tendered his resignation as Rector of the Church of the Ascension, to take effect on January 15th 1891. The act was prompted by difference in opinion in regard to plans for the new edifice to be erected next spring. Mr. Day has been a faithful pastor and has many [illegible] who will reluctantly bid him farewell.

The republican demonstration in this city in honor of candidate for Governor George Wallace Delamater Lewis Waters and Thomas J. Stewart was beyond all expectation. In a few words it was a grand success and the citizens were profuse in their praises of the [illegible] the best little city of Northwestern Pennsylvania.

The most familiar character in political circles is [illegible] who has spent enough times in Clarke's hotel and the Rural lock up to estimate the number of bricks in the building. His sentences have always been trivial [illegible] a valuable [illegible] until the next [illegible] the verdict for his full [illegible] his [illegible]

There is a rumor now in circulation that [illegible] will not have a base ball club next season [illegible] financial backing [illegible] team last season and [illegible] whether he will [illegible] to meet the expenses of an entire [illegible] the amusement for thousands of [illegible] base ball [illegible] the managements of the [illegible] and [illegible] the affair [illegible] with success [illegible] when it requires a [illegible] keep up [illegible] It is hoped [illegible] will [illegible]

PIXFORD.

Mrs. L. A. Bergquist is visiting friends in [illegible]

Mrs. James Martin was called to Freeport [illegible] the illness of her [illegible]

Mrs. Delmar [illegible] was tenderly [illegible] Haines [illegible]

The [illegible] will minister [illegible] the people of [illegible] and Summit [illegible] year.

Mr. Curtis W. [illegible] has been given charge [illegible] water below [illegible] Shanty Mr. Frank Mae [illegible] place at the [illegible]

The [illegible] of the members of the Masonic [illegible] attend a social [illegible] at Masonic Hall [illegible] the Eastern [illegible] Mr. J. Newton and wife Mr. C. [illegible] and wife Mrs. McQueen and wife [illegible] Mr. D. Muffat [illegible] and [illegible] who will [illegible]

The marriage of Miss Florence Lawry and Mr. Shippey took place Wednesday evening Oct. 8th. The young couple left for Bradford at 10 o'clock and on Thursday morning proceeded to make a tour to the east [illegible] Those from abroad were Mrs. [illegible] N. Y. Mrs. J. [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Lathrop [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Walters of [illegible] Mr. A. E. Sands of Newburgh, N. Y. and [illegible] Brock of Smethport. The list of presents [illegible] as follows: Check [illegible] Mr. E. N. Shippey and wife. B. J. R. Kerr [illegible] Parker and wife [illegible] napkins and pair of fancy towels, J. W. [illegible] and daughter [illegible] Damask table cloth, J. W. Martin and wife, Damask table cloth, Mrs. C. [illegible] and wife [illegible] Brock [illegible] dozen napkins [illegible] C. Brown and wife, pair of towels. [illegible] Mr. D. Brown [illegible] C. W. Palmeter [illegible] Mrs. W. L. Mequis[illegible] pair of towels, T. H. [illegible] Parker and wife pair towels, T. D. [illegible] and wife bag and fancy towels, [illegible] Dennis and wife Ralph Burdick and wife fancy throw, Mrs. Lorenz table cloth and [illegible] C. W. Jamieson and wife [illegible] pitcher Mr. Baker and wife [illegible] Francis Donnelly [illegible] and wife [illegible] tanner [illegible] John H. Kay and wife [illegible] Kennedy and wife [illegible] E. Brown [illegible] J. Johnson and wife J. J. Donnelly and wife [illegible] H. Love and wife plush [illegible] T. Lawry [illegible] Dr. Palmerton [illegible] basket Misses Letty and Emma Owen [illegible] Mr. H. [illegible] napkin rings Hattie Wright [illegible] pickle and cracker [illegible] J. Irvine and [illegible] Mr. [illegible] dozen [illegible] Campbell and wife [illegible] dozen teaspoons [illegible] Hight and wife [illegible] and forks, Leon Lawry Carving set [illegible] Stevenson [illegible] knives and forks [illegible] Rollex and wife silver [illegible] McClure and wife berry dish [illegible] Mathison and wife pair of vases [illegible] J. R. Wright and wife [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] slippers and wife [illegible] Nellie Lawry toilet case [illegible] T. H. [illegible] pickle caster Mrs. [illegible] West berry [illegible] and wife [illegible] glass [illegible] and wife silver sugar bowl [illegible] Newman and wife castor, J. Ousel and wife china tea pot creamer and sugar bowl Isaac Stone and wife, [illegible] and cracker Miss Lydia [illegible] fancy pitcher [illegible] Palmerton silver [illegible] fruit dish Mr. [illegible] and wife silver [illegible] W. J. Sampson and wife silver [illegible] Mrs. J. Cole and daughter [illegible] H. Knox and wife silver frame [illegible] Messer plush rocker Miss [illegible] silver sugar shell and pickle [illegible] Mrs. D. Clark.

PORT ALLEGANY.

I. N. Rhodes, of Austin, was in town last week.

J. G. Hall is doing a thriving business at his planing mill near depot.

Frank Wilson spent the sabbath at Smethport with his brother H. F. Wilson.

Dr. F. T. Wait is building a new house and [illegible] his residence on Pine street.

Miss Yates is conducting the Hartwell House in the absence of the genial landlord [illegible] Sartwell.

A. Houghtaling is building a residence on Chestnut street, near the residence of W. E. Smith.

John Fick is putting in a fine horse block and stone walk in front of his residence on [illegible] street.

Owing to the repairs the Presbyterian society were unable to hold services in their church on Sunday last.

The Port Allegany House has been newly [illegible] and we understand it is to be repainted and remodeled.

M. J. Colegrove is kept pretty busy in making out policies for the many insurance companies which he represents.

The grading and bridge building of the Ship-[illegible] Creek R. R. is completed, and the ties and iron will soon be laid.

Miss Maud [illegible], of Williamsport, who has spent some weeks with friends in town, returned to her home last week.

C. W. Warner has accepted a position as tool dresser for the new gas well, and commenced his labors on Monday last.

J. A. Simpson passed the sabbath with his family in town. He is engaged with an extended crew [illegible] Salamanca, N. Y.

A. I. Howard, the big, popular passenger conductor of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. is reported on the sick list. A. Keating ably conducts his train in his absence.

The order of Knights of St. John and Malta is growing rapidly. Laurel Encampment of this place are having quite a boom, and are adding new members at every meeting.

I. A. Baker the genial and generous agent of Miller, Greiner & Co. of Buffalo was in town last week. Mr. Baker is an enthusiastic G. A. R. man, a staunch Republican and has a soldier record of which any man might be proud.

Mr. Henry Lewis has the contract for cleaning up and building the new reservoir on Skinner Brook. He will also dig the ditch and relay the pipe and do all work necessary for the extension of our water works.

George Kreisner (familiarly known as Dutch) who runs a passenger engine on the [illegible] was sent out with the Delamater special train on Thursday last, making the run from Coudersport to this station in just eighteen minutes.

Our graded school, under the management of Prof. Shawan and an able corps of assistants is reaching a greater degree of proficiency than ever before. Our school board are to be congratulated in securing the services of Prof. Shawan.

A large number of Port Alleganians took in the Republican Mass Meeting in Coudersport on Thursday afternoon last, and returned in the evening highly gratified with the address of our "next governor," and with firm determination to win at the coming election.

I stated in my last letter that the Baptist Church would be dedicated Oct. 26th but have since learned that Sunday Nov. 2d has been fixed upon. The trustees have engaged the services of the Rev. E. C. D. Cutteral for the coming year, which gives universal satisfaction.

Lots in Fairview Cemetery are being taken rapidly, the remains of Col. Wilson, father of Col. A. I. Wilson of Bradford, will be removed from Lewis Hill Cemetery and reinterred in a lot purchased in Fairview. [illegible] have their drives graded and [illegible] A beautiful [illegible] has been ordered and will [illegible] already been expended [illegible] in beautifying this last resting place for the dead.

MASON.

J. D. Barnes, of Coleman, is visiting friends in this place.

Mrs. Wm. Hafner and children are visiting friends in Clermont.

Andrew Perry and family, of Clermont, are visiting friends here.

"Cap" Burlingame and sister, Effie, drove to Smethport on Tuesday.

H. W. Burlingame, though still quite feeble, is again able to be about.

Mrs. Louise Dutcher and Miss Nellie Hafner drove to Mt. Jewett on Tuesday.

Geo. Garfield's people, accompanied by Miss Alli Foster, drove to Clermont last Sunday.

Arch Anderson who has been sojourning in the west for some time past visited his brother, George, last week.

J. B. Johnson is opening a coal mine on his farm on Long brook, and hopes to soon be able to supply the residents of this place with coal.

Belle, youngest daughter of Stephen Pattison, who has been in Mt. Jewett the past week having her eyes treated has returned home. Her eyes had been poisoned.

Thieves are among us, look out for them. I understand that Mrs. Lil McClean had a lot of canned fruit stolen from her cellar one night last week, and on the night of the 7th William Fields had several cabbages, a lot of chickens and a cow bell stolen.

John Wilson the young man we spoke of in last week's items as having been badly injured near Mt. Jewett, was brought to the residence of William Dutcher in this place and is now slowly recovering.

There are people in this place, and I suppose in every community, who would do well to remember these words. "Help ye one another bear ye one another's burdens." I hear on every side "I wonder if that is meant for me." Perhaps it is—wait and see. It means every one who shirks a duty, so if the coat fits you, my friend, put it on, it shall cost you nothing. If at any time a worthy or needy friend shall ask your aid if one who has the right to expect aid in sickness or trouble shall ask your help or send in their need for you should you at such time say "I have all I can do to take care of myself. I can't spend any time running after other folks, and so instead of doing your duty shirk it then this means you most assuredly, and you have great need to remember these beautiful words. Help ye one another, bear ye one another's burdens." How mean, despicable contemptible and utterly selfish such persons must feel and really are who thus shirk their duty. And yet, should you ask them, they would tell you they were trying to lead Christian lives. Christian lives forsooth! As I understand it, living Christian lives means trying to live like Christ. He would never turn a deaf ear to any cry of distress no matter how unworthy the person might be. Now my friends just turn over a new leaf and when next duty calls respond quickly cheerfully. Do not give your help grudgingly but whatever you do do cheerfully with a kindly smiling face and kind words of cheer. Do it with your might not gingerly as though afraid you might do too much and then see how much more like a man you will feel [illegible] sweeter your sleep. It wasn't such a hard job after all but rather a pleasure. [illegible] be not become poor [illegible] friend or [illegible] [illegible] and, again my friend, if you can't speak well of a person it is better not to speak at all. Remember "Help ye one another bear ye one another's burdens."

LUDLOW.

Mrs. H. [illegible] has took a business trip to Buffalo [illegible] week.

[illegible] spent Sunday with his family [illegible] of this place.

A. Crandall [illegible] was in town on business last [illegible]

Bert Harly [illegible] having his house raised and a wall put under.

Dr. Johnson of Austin was looking around town last Saturday.

A. N. Squires took a business trip to Mina Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. H. T. Johnson and son [illegible] of Stingle [illegible] were in [illegible] last Saturday.

Mrs. D. T. Herman and son of Olean spent Sunday in [illegible] guests at the Central.

Mrs. E. Lightfoot of Angelica N. Y., visited friends and relatives in town this week.

[illegible] Holmes is rejoicing over the arrival of a new [illegible] which came last Friday night.

Willie Doerhbery, expects to leave for Washington state this week to join his [illegible] there.

James Duffy has given up his position at the tannery and started the first of the week for his home in the east.

Mrs. E. G. [illegible] per and children have been guests at T. C. Wall man's for several days.

M. B. Squires and family expects to leave [illegible] for a visit with friends at Syracuse and vicinity.

M. Lurdick of Duke Centre and Mr. Griffith of Kane candidates for Representatives in the Legislature from this county were in town Wednesday.

Ernest [illegible] who was injured Thursday [illegible] being struck by an engine on the B. R. & P. R. R. died last Sunday morning at the home of his son Fred Legling. He was aged about seventy five years.

Dr. R. [illegible] for Philadelphia this week and will remain about six months to attend his college [illegible] Mrs. Richardson will [illegible] during his absence. Dr. W. H. Burdick will fill his place.

CLERMONT.

I. Sayer went to Buffalo last Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Perry visited friends in Kasson last Sunday.

Miss Jennie Arrot spent Sunday with friends in [illegible]

Mrs. [illegible] Prescott who has been seriously ill is recovering.

Mrs. Tine of Clarion is visiting her daughter Mrs. Wm. Keller of this place.

Mrs. M. Cole of Mt. Alton is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Combs.

Hon. G. W. Delamater and party passed through this place last Wednesday.

McCarty Bros are building a large addition to their meat market.

Rev. Manning of Ulysses, Pa., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Stuart last Thursday.

Mr. Adams of Hinsdale spent Sunday with his son Alex Adams of this place.

Rev. J. E. Leach has been appointed pastor of the Clermont and Colegrove churches.

The Misses Lillie and M. [illegible] Lanigan who have been spending a few days with Miss Anna Gaynor have returned to their home in Mt. Jewett.

M. F. Weld of Port Allegany is stopping in this place at present. He is a popular [illegible] builder and will probably do some work in this place while here.

Artesian wells although quite common in the west are rarely found in this part of the country. Our enterprising merchant and lumberman L. Bayer is the possessor of a real artesian well. The water in the creek on which his mill is located contains mineral qualities that are injurious to the boiler [illegible] Mr. Bayer concluded to drill a well and employed Messrs. Berkhouse and Gilbert of Brockwayville, Pa. to drill a well close beside his mill. They went down twenty seven feet and struck solid rock. They then cased off all surface water and drilled thirteen feet more and struck a vein of as clear cold water as can be found in McKean county. It is a 5 inch casing forty feet deep and has sufficient hydrostatic pressure if conducted to a two-inch hose to throw water on any part of the mill roof. Mr. Bayer has also had a well 60 feet deep drilled at his residence and another 60 feet deep at the Bayer House.

KENDALL CREEK.

The dedication of the M. E. Church has been postponed until Sunday, October 26.

John Windsor left on Monday for Mt. Jewett, where he will engage in rig building.

Mrs. Wm. Harris who was called to Olean by the illness of her sister has returned home.

T. J. Sherman met with a painful accident last week. He fell and broke his collar bone.

There will be no school next week as the teachers will attend the institute at Smethport.

Mrs. Jonas Artley is entertaining her sister and husband Mr. and Mrs. Harenbuch, of Kansas.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Field, of Canada are in town the guests of their cousin Mrs. M. A. Thomas.

Mrs. O. F. Spencer left last Friday for Wood hull, N. Y. called thither by the serious illness of her mother.

Mrs. E. A. Greer and infant son returned on Saturday from a six months visit to relatives near Elmira, N. Y.

Rev. John Stemly left on Monday to take a much needed vacation. He will visit friends and relatives near Monongahela City, Pa.

On Thursday evening of last week the opera house was the scene of great festivity. The Cornen Hose Company gave a grand uniform ball. An immense crowd attended and danced to the soul inspiring strains of Jamison's Orchestra. Mirth and merriment were the order of the evening and the ball was a most joyous occasion. An elegant supper was served in the hall by the [illegible] and [illegible]. The company is to be congratulated on the success of its first party of the season.

CLERE.

L. A. White is home again.

Mrs. G. B. Almy, of Bradford, is visiting in town.

Miss Mary Cowles returned to Wellsville on Monday.

Frank Watch passed Sunday with Ceres friends.

Miss Katie Stevens of Coudersport is visiting in Ceres.

Rev. J. S. Brown has been returned on this charge for another year.

Miss Hedges of Olean, was in town Thursday getting up a music class.

Mrs. L. Carrier, Mrs. L. J. Austin and Mrs. Otto took in Bolivar Thursday.

Miss Dollie Warner passed a few days with friends in Coudersport last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Brock returned home Wednesday from a three weeks visit in Austin.

Miss Castelia Van Wormer left Thursday for New York, where she will spend the winter.

Burdick the dentist, was in town Monday on business and has excepted a position in Eldred for the winter.

The W. C. T. U. will give an entertainment Wednesday evening. The funds to be applied on the church.

MT. JEWETT.

Mr. J. Wynn spent last Monday in Warren.

E. E. McCoy and G. H. Spark drove to Kane last Friday.

W. W. Brower and wife attended the Bucktail re-union held in Wellsboro last Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Julia Hays spent last Sunday with friends in Kane.

E. W. Long, W. W. Brower, A. G. Phillips and G. Melander, attended the Republican mass meeting held at Bradford last Thursday evening.

Fon. W. H. Burdick of Duke Centre visited Mt. Jewett last Monday.

Hon. J. T. Griffith, of Kane, was calling on friends last Monday.

Thieves visited W. W. Brower last Thursday night and took ten dollars from the safe in the bar room, and Friday night entered Thompson Bros. & Co. store and helped themselves to three revolvers.

Dr. S. D. Freeman was in town last Saturday.

[illegible] Theater Co. played in Long's hall [illegible] Monday evening.

COLEGROVE.

Mrs. Mary Howard and her daughter Edith, have lately visited Mrs. A. H. Bartlett.

Mrs. Wm. Tracy is home again from a months visit among relatives in Meadville and Honesdale.

The McDowell house, formerly occupied by Capt Colt, will now be repaired by Supt. Olmstead.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. realized about four dollars as the proceeds of their social last week.

Bob Wilson returned from Wellsville a few days ago. He has been there for several months in the employ of the U. P. L. Co.

Sportsmen are busy lately and are frequently rewarded by getting a nice deer. A nice looking one was carried through here the 14th inst.

The N. T. Co. are cleaning the tanks on Colegrove Hill, two of them were struck by lightning last June, but have not yet been rebuilt.

FOUR MILE.

Business is booming here.

C. H. Moore was here on business Saturday.

Your scribe made a flying trip to Johnsonburg this week.

Sl. Rickerd, passed the Sabbath with his intended at Clermont.

Several of Higgings men were [illegible] the [illegible] path Saturday night.

Several of our enterprising young men visited the city Monday evening.

Adon Burt returned Monday from a week's visit to friends in Potter county.

EVERYBODYS' COLUMN.

Items of Interest Gathered from Various Sources by the Man With the Shears.

—Smoke "First Attempt."

—"First Attempt" clear Havana.

—Go to M. Rosenfield's for clothes.

—Fresh Baltimore oysters finest in town, at H. F. Wilson's Restaurant.

—After breakfast smoke "First Attempt."

—"First Attempt" sold at the Central and Wright House.

—Fresh Baltimore oysters served in every style at Wilson's restaurant.

—For wall paper go to Reilly's Furniture and Carpet store.

—He said: "My love I am sorry to disappoint you about the picnic but my trotter has a lame foot." "That's nothing." We've got plenty of Salvation Oil.

—Carpets in exchange for wool at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—Have you seen the carpets at the Furniture and Carpet Store?

—Don't fail to see the carpets at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—A big line of clothing for men and boys at M. Rosenfield's Main street.

—The Detroit Free Press Fiend has been punning on Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. His is only gratitude for all thinking men know its merits.—*Ex.*

—If you want a first class oyster stew or served in any style, go to H. F. Wilson's restaurant.

—Cash paid for wool at A. Reilly's furniture and carpet store, Main street.

—The finest range ever put on exhibition in Smethport is for sale at L. W. Mason's hardware store.

—The handsomest wall paper ever brought to Smethport can be seen at Specht & Sasse's Furniture rooms.

—The largest and finest stock of carpets ever brought to this section of country is now at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—Families, jobbers and everybody can be supplied with fresh and salt meats promptly upon application at [illegible] East Smethport, Pa.

—If your baby is restless with teething get Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, a dose of it will relieve the little sufferer at once. Only 25 cents a bottle.

—Go to J. G. Hall of Port Allegany, Pa., for all kinds of flooring, ceiling, wainscoting, siding, wood turning, mouldings etc. Pine lever handles a specialty. 8ft

—All persons owing me are requested to call and settle by Nov. 1 [illegible] or their accounts will be placed in the hands of a collector. JOHN ROONEY.

—For some time past I've been a rheumatic. I recently tried Salvation Oil which gave me almost instant relief. I sincerely recommend it as it has entirely cured me. JAMES GORDON, Balto., Md.

—Itch, Mange and Scratches on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist Smethport. 26-42-y

—A box of Old Saul's Catarrh Cure is invaluable for catarrh, influenza or cold in the head.

—Before buying your wall paper examine the stock in the Furniture and Carpet store. It is the most artistic paper ever offered for sale in this town. We have no old out of date wall paper to pawn off on the people, our prices we guarantee as low as any city.

A. REILLY, Manager.

A Lively Town.

Kushequa is promising to become a thriving manufacturing town. McClellan and Kane have some 250 men employed about their mill and railroad. Howells, Moffitt & Co. are erecting there their clothes pin factory formerly at West Kane. Magee & Hutchinson have taken a big shingle contract and will have a large shingle mill in operation before spring. And the Austin Chemical Co. have decided to erect a six retort chemical works for making grey acetate, alcohol and charcoal. Their works will be located above the village near the mouth of Fuller Brook so that the constant breeze up the valley may carry away the the fumes. The public school is let to August McLander and the school house will be pushed rapidly to completion so that there may be six months scholling this year. And the boys are beginning to talk up a temperance hall and church. The Mt. Jewett, Kinzua & Riterville railroad has been changed to standard gauge from Mt. Jewett to Kushequa, the narrow gauge traffic will be retained by a third rail. A large store is building for F. I. Magee. P. J. Rorth is building a $2000 residence for Tom 'S. McClellan. There are 17 houses now occupied, and others are being constructed as rapidly as possible.—*Kane Leader.*

The Golden Gate Tours of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Preparations for the inaugural series of personally-conducted tours to the Pacific Coast under the auspices of the Pennsylvania Railroad, are progressing, and a detailed outline of their scope, routes, rates, and conditions will be published at an early day. In the meantime sufficient headway has been made to indicate that the tours will surpass any similar pleasure trips heretofore enjoyed by the people of the Eastern States. The special trains of Pullman Vestibule Sleeping and Dining Cars will exemplify the latest and best work of the Pullman shops. They will run through to California on quick time, delivering their passengers at desirable points in the Golden State and picking them up at the appointed rendezvous for the return trip. Tourist Agents and Chaperons of wide experience will conduct the party and minister to their comfort in every possible way. Peculiarly favorable concessions will be granted them by the railroads of the Pacific slope so that their movements may be productive of the fullest pleasure at the lowest cost.

These tours are the most ambitious attempts yet projected by the Pennsylvania personally-escorted systems to provide pleasure tours of the highest grade, and the traveling public may depend upon securing in them the most perfect service.

The first tour will leave the East late in January. It will be limited to one hundred persons, and those who anticipate an early spring outing to the shores of the Pacific should place themselves in correspondence at once with Mr. J. R. Wood, General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Philadelphia.

A Valuable Discovery.

Dr. Brown Sequard's elixir of youth may be an important discovery, but every one knows that Dr. Franklin Miles' New Heart Cure certainly is. It has given thousands afflicted with serious heart disease a New Lease of Life. Druggists who can observe its effects on many customers everywhere speak very highly of it. Mr. John Weaver, of Knightstown, Ind., says: "I have sold much of Dr. Miles' new Cure and have received many good reports." O. Monroe, of Dunkirk, N. Y., reports large sales. "And the best part of it is every bottle has given satisfaction." Sold and guaranteed by A. B. Armstrong.

Great Discoveries.

What Bell and Edison are to the telephone and electricity, says the Pittsburg News, Dr. Franklin Miles, the wellknown specialist in nervous diseases, is to the nervous system and nerve fluid. Among his numerous discoveries the Restorative Nervine is undoubtedly one of the greatest. It is unsurpassed in nervousness, dyspepsia, headache, epilepsy, neuralgia, backache, melancholy, sleeplessness, change of life etc. Free trial bottles of it may be had of A. B. Armstrong Druggist. All should read his "New and Startling Facts for the afflicted," a very able, interesting, and finely illustrated book. Free to all.

—Mrs. J. B. Laraway begs to inform the ladies of Smethport and vicinity that she is prepared to do dressmaking in the latest and most approved styles, and to this end has engaged the services of Miss Matie Spencer of Binghamton, N. Y., a lady thoroughly practical in the art. All work promptly done and guaranteed. East Main street, near McCoy's corners.

Smethport's Enterprise.

The well known and popular Druggist Frank R. Foster has taken the Agency for Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator which he recommends for the quick cure of Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Liver Complaint and all Blood Troubles. Trial bottles free.

It is a well known fact that Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure has cured Consumption and Chronic Coughs and Colds when all else failed. Price 25 and 50 cents. Trial bottle free.

B. H. & Co.

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

BUFFALO, Oct. 15 '90.

We have a large store—the largest store between New York and Chicago, fitted out with every facility of quick service and all the improvements that modern ingenuity can devise. We keep everything a complete dry goods house should keep but we don't stop there. The range of merchandise includes shoes and carpets, boys' clothing, millinery, books and candies, a department [illegible] tell what isn't here than what is; everything that will go well together for every buyer of every circumstance.

Settled that the store is what it should be we try to place it at the disposal of shoppers all over the country. The system by which we do this is

SHOPPING BY MAIL.

You send a postal card request for samples and prices of anything you happen to need and clever clerks give it prompt attention. We're glad to grant all such favors for the sake of future business. Nine times out of every ten it comes so advantageous are our prices, so unusual the values we give.

The quickest way to learn all about this new arrangement is to take the risk of it. We guarantee perfect satisfaction filling all orders the same day as received. And back of that guarantee there's more than a quarter century of honest effort and faithful work—stepping stones to the generous success of to-day.

A postal card's enough.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

Wm RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

CURES ALL DISEASES.

THE GREATEST MEDICINE OF THE AGE.

IT PURIFIES THE BLOOD, DESTROYS MICROBES,

the cause of every disease and is a wonderful

Tonic and Antiseptic.

Book giving history of microbes and the Microbe Killer FREE.

Address, 7 Laight St. NEW YORK CITY.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity it costs less than a tenth of a cent a day. Strictly a medicine. Prevents and cures all diseases. Good for young chicks. Worth more than gold when hens moult. "One large can saved me $40, send six for $5 to prevent roup," says a customer. If you can't get it send us 50 cents for two packs; [illegible] A 2 1-4 pound can $1.20 post-paid, 6 cans $5, express paid. "THE BEST POULTRY PAPER," sample copy free. Poultry Raising Guide free with $1 orders or more. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

SALESMEN WANTED.

A good chance to secure a paying situation for the dull winter months. Each salesman furnished with a complete outfit illustrating and describing New Fruits &c. that sell readily. Salary and expenses from start. Write for terms.

HOOPES, BRO & THOMAS
Maple Avenue Nurseries,
West Chester, Pa.

A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

This is Not Wire



MADE OF

EXPANDED METAL

CUT FROM STEEL PLATES. SOMETHING NEW.

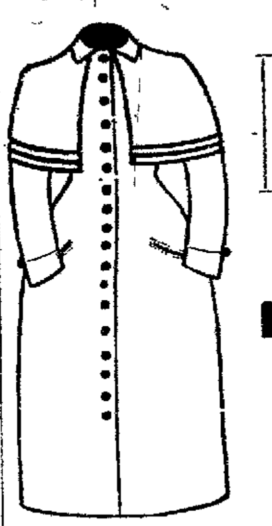
For Residences, Churches, Cemeteries, Farms, Gardens, Gates, Arbors, Window Guards, Trellises, Fire-proof PLASTERING LATH, DOOR MATS, &c. Write for Illustrated Catalogue; mailed free.

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO.

116 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Hardware Men keep it. Give name of this paper.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.



CLOAKS

—FOR—

LADIES, CHILDREN AND MISSES.

We are bound to push the Cloak business, this year, more than ever before. Every year has added extra sales to our Cloak department. We quickly decided the question, "where shall we put them?" by taking one-half of our upstairs' grocery department down into the basement—they sell fast enough, however, anywhere.

We bought early so we would be sure of an assortment.

We bought from the manufacturers so as to be sure the price would be right.

So we can truthfully say we have the assortment, the correct styles and the correct prices.

We have a full line of Plush Goods, Jackets from $12 to $25. Coats from $19 to $32—all good values.

NEWMARKETS, REEFERS, ¾ JACKETS,

in Cheviots, Wide Wale Diagonals, Fine Whip Cords, and last but not least the Perfect Fitting Jerseys, which are still a favorite garment.

The Misses and Childrens garments are very handsome—gay checks and stripes—even some with velvet sleeves, which for a change are very pretty.

Come now and make your choice while the stock is new and complete.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.,

OPPOSITE THE



Dealers in General Merchandise.

D. C. Y.

THE ⁘ LATEST ⁘ ARRIVALS!

I take this way of informing the public, and my friends in particular that I am daily receiving a nice and well assorted line of new and attractive

Fall and Winter Goods,

Such as are in daily use. Special attention is called to a new line of the celebrated

JAMESTOWN DRESS GOODS.

they sell at sight to economical buyers. You can also find here the most Complete line of

BOOTS ⁘ AND ⁘ SHOES

ever offered in this the County Seat, and they are warranted to be the best, consequently the cheapest. I also carry a line of the

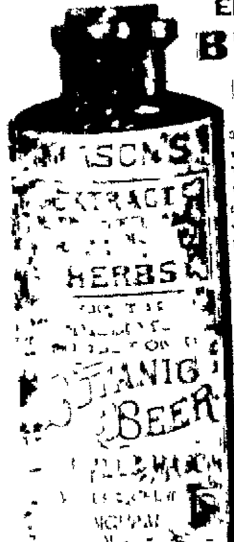
Arcade Yarns and Flannels!

they recommend themselves when once tried. A cordial invitation is extended to all to drop in and see if what I advertise is not correct.

D. C. YOUNG.

THE BEST
[illegible] Market
IN
SMETHPORT.
[illegible]
FRESH MEAT,
HAM, SAUSAGES,
[illegible], Corned [illegible] Lard,
Chickens, &c., &c.
NO
VEGETABLES
[illegible]
FAMILY GROCERIES
[illegible]
CANNED GOODS
[illegible] price paid for [illegible]
[illegible] WILLIAMS & SONS
[illegible] Smethport Pa

A DELIGHTFUL
Sparkling Beverage.
—NON INTOXICATING.—
MASON'S
ENGLISH
BEER
EXTRACTS.



Prepared [illegible] and [illegible] the best and [illegible] no [illegible] and [illegible] alcoholic properties.
CHEAP.
WHOLESOME
AND
REFRESHING.
Botanic Beer,
Ginger Ale,
Hop,
Sarsaparilla,
Dandelion.
[illegible] Makes 5 Gals.—
[illegible] your grocer [illegible] a postal to
[illegible] & Co., Boston, Mass.

EMIL THAMM,
[illegible]
CIGARS
[illegible]
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
[illegible]
49 MAIN STREET,
[illegible]

[illegible]
WAGON,
[illegible] and Blacksmith Shop
[illegible]
Wm. Mason, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING
[illegible]
Bad Feet!
FIRST-CLASS
BLACKSMITHING!
[illegible]
HORSESHOEING.
[illegible]
SLEIGHS
[illegible]
[illegible]
1890
[illegible]
CYCLES,
Cripples Tricycles.
[illegible]
W. A. WOODBURY,
[illegible]

I CURE
FITS!
When I say Cure I [illegible]
FITS, EPILEPSY or
FALLING SICKNESS,
[illegible]
H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

Men Wanted&Salary
[illegible]

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.
The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

W. R. WEAVER. 1876 1890 L. EMERY JR.
L. EMERY, JR., & CO.
THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE!
41, 43 and 45 MAIN STREET.
(TWO FLOORS.) BRADFORD, PA
Oil Well Supplies,
Natural Gas Supplies,
Machinists' Supplies,
Blacksmiths' Supplies,
Household Supplies,
Railway Supplies,
Grocers' Sundries.
A HARNESS DEPARTMENT
Has been added recently, where you can get a hand made harness on short notice and at a very low price. All kinds of harness parts and halters in stock
SOLE AGENTS FOR
THE NIAGARA NATURAL GAS BURNER
The finest light ever produced by Natural Gas. Send for Sample.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
EMERY & WEAVER,
BRADFORD, PA.

THE BEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SEWING MACHINES
A $45.00 SEWING MACHINE FOR $15.00
[illegible]
Singer Sewing Machines



[illegible]
Each Machine of Whatever Style, is Furnished with the Following Attachments:
[illegible]
High Testimonials from Subscribers Using this Machine
[illegible]
This valuable Sewing Machine is given as a premium for 60 yearly subscribers to this paper or for 30 yearly subscribers and $7 additional. Price, including one year's subscription, $15. Sent by freight, receiver to pay charges. Give name of freight station if different from postoffice

DRUGS.
Patent Medicines,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
Prescriptions promptly filled.

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Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.
Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at less cost than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing, or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.

FARM, FIELD, GARDEN.

TOPICS OF INTEREST TO INTEREST COUNTRY AND SUBURBAN READERS.

Helpful Hints That Will Prove of Value Where Tile Draining Is in Prospect. A Prolific Cause of Failure to Reap Benefit from Drainage

"It will never pay to underdrain," says Professor Carpenter, of the Colorado Agricultural College, in Farmers' Review, "unless you are prepared to do it properly." Every case of failure to reap benefit [illegible] drainage can be traced to some [illegible] error in the plan or construction of the drain. The proper construction of a line of tile drain, in order to obtain its maximum efficiency, requires [illegible] or more accuracy than [illegible] about work. Every deviation [illegible] from a straight line detracts [illegible] its carrying capacity, every deviation up or down from its grade line is more or less fatal to its efficiency. The country is full of ditchers who according to their own story, have laid [illegible] in England or Ireland, who pretend to have the skill to determine the proper inclination of the grade line entirely by the eye.

I have tested the work of some of the best men of this class," tells Professor Carpenter, "by running a level over the bottom of the ditch after they supposed it was fitted to receive the tile, and I have found variations from the grade line within forty rods equal to one foot in depth and sufficient to nearly destroy the value of the drain. My own opinion is that 50 per cent. of the class of work done by these men is more or less a failure and that there are miles of drain in operation not running to one-half or to one-quarter their full capacity. This of course means that for the benefits received too great an expenditure has been made for tile.

It never pays to lay tile unless they are laid in such a way that their full capacity is utilized. It does not pay to [illegible] per thousand (45 cents per rod, for four inch tile) and have them laid so that they will only do the work of two inch tile, worth $10 per thousand) 16 cents per rod, yet this is done more frequently than many would suppose. It is often done for men who feel fully satisfied that they have had a good job [illegible] simply because they do not know what a good job is. In all ordinary cases it will pay to drain and in any case it will pay to take such precautions as will insure you that your tile will work to full capacity."

Why Some Orchards Are Short Lived

One reason why orchards in many places, though productive for a time, are not enduring is that the trees are of sorts not quite hardy enough for the soil where they grow. Top worked upon hardy seedlings they do well for a while, but every test winter, in connection with heavy crops of fruit as [illegible] two full bearing weaken the [illegible] of the grafts, and with a hard winter [illegible] following a large crop of fruit the orchard is found in [illegible] of an irrecoverable condition. There is nothing in such a result at all to be unexpected to a man [illegible]. If he wants a long lived orchard says T. H. Hoskins, of [illegible] in Garden and Forest, he [illegible] only such long lived varieties as are quite capable of enduring the severest extremes of the locality.

But Dr. Hoskins believes it will often pay [illegible] well to practice the other method, though inevitable risks attend it. The orchardists of south western Maine grow such valuable commercial apples as the Baldwin, the Rhode Island greening, the Roxbury russet and the Gravenstein successfully only when top worked on hardy native stocks. Handy to Portland and to Boston these growers have easy access to the best home and [illegible] markets with their apples, and [illegible] well grown and properly handled have a quick and sure sale at a high price. Their trees will not be long lived but they will live long enough to yield a handsome profit and as they [illegible] all at one time the orchard can be kept up by replanting, or by successive planting so as to make the best [illegible]. Such orchards [illegible] though they may be anything but as profitable than those long lived [illegible].

Crossbred Fowls.

There are many poultry men who agree with The Germantown Telegraph in the statement that crossbred fowls are [illegible] and more hardy from the shell than the pure bred. Following are some of the benefits named by this authority. We can combine good traits. The brown Leghorn lays the smallest egg, the black Spanish the largest. Where merely a commercial egg trade is to be reached this cross has its marked effects. We may not equal the Spanish eggs in an average, but we make up a set of middle size—just the size to sell well in market. We can combine early maturity with plump growth. The Asiatic fowl grows slowly but it counts in weight. It would take too long to get it to a broiler if left all alone, but if we cross a quick grower—the Leghorn, for instance—on these Asiatic hens we get the quick growth and the body too. This is indeed a decided advantage.

Farmers as a rule, have a collection of all kinds of fowls. Fanciers call them dunghills. Showmen class them as mongrels. But be they what they will, if the males were killed off and pure bred males substituted there would be more eggs, more spring chickens and better health."

Keeping Milk Sweet.

Owing to the scarcity of ice there have been an unusual number of mixtures called "preservatives" sold and used with a view to keeping milk sweet.

The slow poisoning process" is what Assistant Dairy Commissioner Van Valkenberg calls the mixing of "preservatives" like borax and salicylic acid with milk. Both the New York state dairy commission and the city board of health have decided to put a stop to these uses in milk.

A Square Deal for Everybody

To enable home and land-seekers to visit the farming sections of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, the Great Northern Railway Line will sell excursion tickets, with stop over privileges, good for thirty days, at One Fare for the Round trip, on April 22d, May 20th, September 9th, September 23th, and October 14th, from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior.

This will enable purchasers to see the famous Park Region of Minnesota, the wonderful Red River Valley, Devils Lake, the Turtle Mountain and the Mouse River Regions of North Dakota, the rich valleys of the Big Sioux and James in South Dakota, and the vast fertile districts watered by the Missouri, Milk, Teton and Marias Rivers, in the great Reservation of Montana, no land grant restrictions or extra costs there in securing homesteads.

The Great Northern Railway runs three lines through the Red River Valley, is the only line to the Turtle Mountains, has three lines in South Dakota, and runs the only solid through trains of Palace Dining and Sleeping Cars, Modern Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers to Fergus Falls, Moorhead, Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston, Devils Lake, Minot, Glasgow, Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena, and Butte, Montana. It is the only railway in the west owning and operating its entire superior equipment, and with solid roadway, 75-pound steel track, insures safety, comfort and speed.

Your home agent can sell you excursion tickets to over 300 points on the Great Northern Railway Line. Maps, guide books or information concerning travel or settlement along the line, cheerfully furnished by any agent of the Company, or F. I. Whitney, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent, G. N. Ry. St. Paul, Minn.

A CONVENIENT SMALL HOUSE.

Of Its Kind It Is One of the Best Plans We Have Offered.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

There is nothing which so completely saps the vitality and happiness of a family as living in a house which is too large. The very large house, the grand establishment, does not belong to America. The expense of service is too great, and there is nothing in it which compensates for the anxiety and care which it requires. However, the matter of having a large house may be considered in a relative sense as related to one's ability to take care of it—ability from a financial standpoint or more executive ability to manage the house keeping features. Many people have built houses too large for their needs, and in doing so all contentment and air of quiet ease and rest have gone out of that household.

This is a small house. There are not many rooms, but they are ample in size and convenient in arrangement. There are places "to put things" and a due regard for the social life of the family. It could not be used for a large family, but the care of a small family is a problem in house building that is worthy of great attention. There are few large famil[illegible].



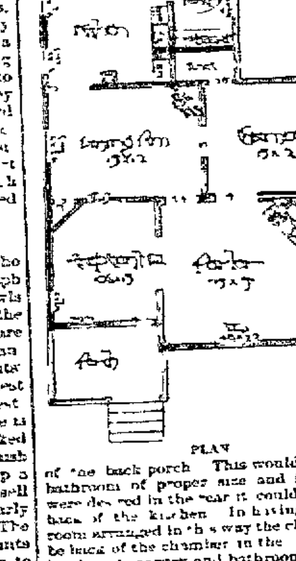
ELEVATION

This house is occupied by a man and his wife without children and in house-keepers' language they do not keep a girl. The lady has everything convenient and is not disturbed by the necessary work of housekeeping.

The reception hall in front is 10 by 13. The lady was quite certain it would never be used as a room. Soon after it was occupied it was furnished with a lounge, two chairs, a table and a lamp stand. The room lettered parlor was used as a sitting room and taken in case of emergency be used as a bedroom. The dining room in that event would be the sitting room for the most part. In this dining room are two closets. One is properly the sitting room closet, that is, it would naturally contain such articles as are in use in a sitting room.

There is a china closet in one corner of the dining room and near this the slide which opens into the kitchen. Thus one can stand in this corner of the room and take the dishes from the kitchen table and put them in the china closet. This is altogether much handier than walking around through the doors to the table and repeating the operation until everything is placed. This china closet has glass doors above and paneled doors below. With some pretty cups hanging on the hooks and a proper arrangement of china it would be a very pretty feature. The bed room is separated from the front room by sliding doors. This was a suggestion of the owner. I believe it would be found more desirable either to have an opening from the chamber to the parlor or to hang the door on hinges for the reason that a hinged door is tight while a sliding door is not. If there were no door at all between the chamber and the parlor there could be a sliding door connecting the parlor with the dining room.

The closet connected with the chamber is quite large and has a window to the outside. A window in a closet is a great help. This closet would not be dark without light of this kind. A dark closet is always in confusion and one that is light is more liable to be in good order. By this change in arrangement this closet could be made into a bathroom. In this event the back end of the pantry wall would be pushed out on a line with the end



PLAN

of the back porch. This would make the bathroom of proper size and if a porch were desired in the rear it could be placed back of the kitchen. In having the bath room arranged in this way the closet would be back of the chamber in the L formed by the side pantry and bathroom wall and the back chamber wall. This arrangement of bathroom would give short connections of plumbing and would altogether be very satisfactory.

The kitchen of this house is quite convenient. At the sink there is cistern and well water and above the sink at a sufficient height there are shelves and hooks for utensils, under each table there is a drawer and beneath the sink an open space for pots and kettles. At the flue is the range. Thus everything is within reach. The cellar stairway is near. The pantry door is at the end of the kitchen table, and in the pantry is a place for an ice chest, which has a drain pipe for carrying the drip to the outside. The window is the right height from the floor so that the ice can be put in without coming into the kitchen. The hinges may not be on the right side of the refrigerator to make this convenient, but it is suggested that the hinges be changed from the back to the side of the lid, so when open it rests against the side wall of the pantry.

This house was built complete for $1,500. The inside finish was hard yellow pine. The outside walls were sheathed, papered and weather boarded.

LOUIS H. GIBSON.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To The Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at A. B. Armstrong's drug store.

Shaken Out of Gear.

By malarial disease, the human machinery cannot half perform its office. Digestion, secretion, evacuation are disordered, the blood becomes watery, the nerves feeble, the countenance ghastly, sleep disturbed and appetite capricious. Terrible is this disease, fell its consequences. There is, however, a known antidote to the miasmatic poison, and a certain safeguard against it. In malarious regions of our South and West, in South America, Guatemala and on the Isthmus of Panama, as well as in trans-marine countries where the scourge exists, this inimitable preventive and remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has, during the last thirty-five years, been constantly widening the area of its usefulness, and demonstrating its sovereign value. Liver complaint, dyspepsia, constipation, kidney trouble, rheumatism and debility are all remedied by it.

THREE HOUSES IN ONE.

A Triple Cottage of Fine Appearance Which Was Built for $6,000.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Mr Worrymuch owned a lot on Ne[illegible] street which gave him much trouble. He didn't want to let it lie idle, and he didn't want to build little, cheap looking cottages on it. Finally he consulted his architect Mr Tusquare. An evening or two later Mr Tusquare called with sketches of a building which would relieve Mr Worrymuch from his dilemma.

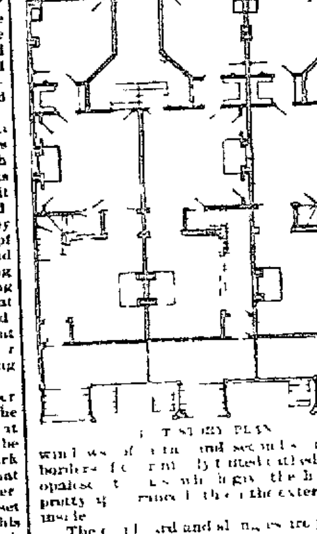
"I have concluded," said the architect, "to design a group of three cottages and treat the three buildings as one structure, which you will perceive gives an attractive and picturesque front quite as imposing



FRONT ELEVATION.

[illegible] Mr. [illegible] dwelling [illegible] inches on each of [illegible] partitions of the [illegible] under into three [illegible] two feet and [illegible] walls we six inches [illegible] the clear for the [illegible] There is a cellar [illegible] under the entire [illegible] The foundation walls [illegible] to the roof are of hard brick [illegible] mortar chimneys [illegible] pressed brick laid in the same manner.

The building above the foundation walls is of wood [illegible] framing, timber and sheathing [illegible] studding of outside walls [illegible] partitions [illegible] 2 by 4 [illegible] from [illegible] from centers. The outside wall [illegible] the entire building [illegible] tongued and grooved [illegible] and covered with waterproof [illegible] paper. The cornices, belt courses [illegible] finish, doors, door and window frames [illegible] and window sash [illegible] and shingles of white pine. The lower story of the building is clapboarded, the second story and attic walls shingled. The valleys, flashings about chimneys and gutters of [illegible] and all [illegible] of tin. The roofs of veranda and kitchen extensions of tin, all other roofs [illegible] slate. The sashes in the front



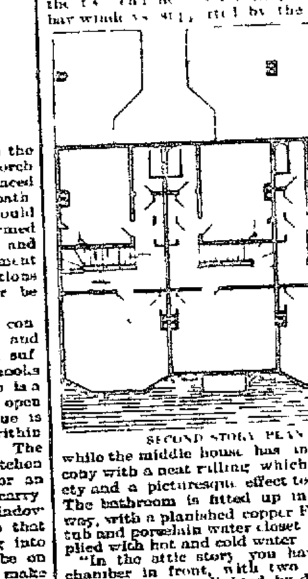
FIRST STORY PLAN

windows of [illegible] and second story have borders [illegible] leaded cathedral and opalescent [illegible] which give the houses a pretty [illegible] effect to the exterior and inside.

The [illegible] and all [illegible] are painted a warm [illegible] with trimmings of [illegible] Venetian red. The [illegible] of white pine and [illegible] of yellow pine. The newel [illegible] balusters of the stairs are of ash treads of yellow pine, mantels of ash [illegible] of white pine, all other inside finish of [illegible] finished with [illegible] and two coats of varnish. [illegible] is provided with a front [illegible] hardware for the first [illegible] porcelain with [illegible] brass [illegible].

The dining [illegible] is lighted by a large window and [illegible] which [illegible] to the rear yard [illegible] provided with a [illegible] and [illegible] and fittings and brass [illegible]. The kitchen is [illegible] large separate [illegible] pantry [illegible] range, galvanized iron boiler and sink and two [illegible] all [illegible].

In [illegible] second story [illegible] the fronts of [illegible] the [illegible] bay windows [illegible].



SECOND STORY PLAN

while the middle house has an open balcony with a neat railing which gives variety and a picturesque effect to the whole. The bathroom is fitted up in the usual way, with a planished copper French bath tub and porcelain water closet and is supplied with hot and cold water.

"In the attic story you have a large chamber in front, with two small bed rooms in the rear lighted by dormer windows. The houses are supplied with water from the street, and the waste from the fixtures connect with the street sewer. Mr Squarem in, the builder estimates the cost at $5,600 with an additional item of $300 for fences."

The houses were erected and proved a good investment. D. W. KING

The Only One.

Again it affords us much pleasure to be able to record the fact that the Pittsburg Exposition opened its doors promptly as advertised. The many things to be seen are worthy of much of our space, but we will dwell only on one exhibit, the only one of its kind at the great show. Well may we say it is worthy comment. We refer with pride to the display of Mr. Max Klein, the wholesale liquor merchant. There you will find a complete distillery in full operation. His Silver Age Rye stands on a pyramid high enough to overlook all other displays, the bbls and cases show at once the extent of his trades, conveying the impression that he ships to all parts of the country. His Pennsylvania Rye Whiskies his imported and domestic wines, brandies and cordials are prominent features. No other liquor house in the country would dare to compete with him in making a display and no other house in his line can or will sell goods as pure at such reasonable prices. You can leave orders at his stand or apply to him direct for his complete catalogue and price list. Such a house should receive the custom of all who wish fair treatment and to Max Klein 82 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa., we can recommend you.

—English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport. 26-42-1y

—Cortland county creamery butter can be found at J. H. Stull's meat market, East Smethport, Pa.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.
CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

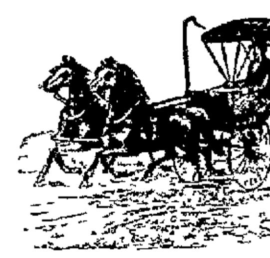


Rubber Shoes unless worn uncomfortably tight, generally slip off the feet.
THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.
make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with rubber. This [illegible] and prevents the rubber from [illegible]
Call for the "Colchester"
"ADHESIVE COUNTERS."
RAMSDELL SWEET & CO Wholesale Agt's,
BUFFALO
AT RETAIL BY
Retail dealers can have their names inserted here on application.

RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phil'a, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 90 M.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF
THAT CAN BE RELIED ON
Not to Split!
Not to Discolor!
BEARS THIS MARK.
BE UP TO THE MARK
TRADE
CELLULOID
MARK.
NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.
THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

A. T. PALMER,
DEALER IN
LIVERY
AND
SALE
STABLES.



HORSES,
Wagons, Carriages, Carts.
Harness, Etc.
WATER STREET BARN.
—ALSO—
FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,
BENNETT HOUSE BARN.
MAIN STREET OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

V. KLAPPENBACH,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,
Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire
SATISFACTION :-: GUARANTEED

FURNITURE.
Talk is cheap but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.
First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.
Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.
Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.
We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off onto them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the business convinces us that success always attends
SQUARE DEALING.
We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid,
We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.
Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.
SPECHT & SASSE.

TRY -:- LARRY'S -:- DANDRUFF -:- CURE.
Sportsmen's Supplies.
Fisherman's Supplies.



Orders Promptly Responded to at Private Residences.
march 21 90-tf

CARPETS!
The largest and best assortment of carpets ever seen in this section of country is now offered for sale at the Furniture and Carpet Store in Smethport. A. Reilly, the manager, has just returned from Philadelphia, the great carpet manufacturing centre of the United States, where he has made this selection. Mr Reilly's experience in the wool and carpet business for over twenty years gives him an experience that few, if any, in the county possess. The goods were bought direct from the manufacturers and the cash discount saved which enables us, with store rent free, insurance less than one per cent., not only to compete with surrounding cities but to sell our goods from five to ten per cent. less than the same goods are sold in some carpet houses in the cities.
Our stock of carpets includes Moquets, Velvet, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three-Ply Ingrain All Wool, Two-Ply Ingrain, all wool, Two-Ply Ingrain, Cotton Chain, also a fine quality Rag Carpet, Oil Cloths and Rugs of all sizes and prices. It will pay people wanting carpets to come many miles to see and examine our stock before purchasing.
SMETHPORT FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.
A. REILLY, Manager.
8-tf

Western New York & Pa. R. R.

(FORMERLY B., N. Y. & P. R. R.)

Time Table in effect Oct. 20, 1889

Trains will leave Smethport for Larrabee's, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS ...... 9 16 A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL ...... 2 52 P. M.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south.

CLERMONT MAIL ...... 7 12 A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N ...... 6 28 P. M.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. E. WORNER, Ticket Agent.
M. BELL, General Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r. & T'k. Agt., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT SEPT. 14, 1890.

WESTWARD p m	a m	a m	STATIONS	EASTWARD a m	p m	p m
6 20	11 55	9 05	ar..Bradford..lv	7 30	2 00	5 00
6 05	11 39	8 50	..Kinzua Jc..	8 00	2 45	5 46
5 17	11 09	8 20	..New City..	8 45	2 5	5 ..
4 50	10 54	7 54	..Rixford..	9 06	3 17	6 15
4 45	10 34	7 44	Duke Centre..	9 12	4 27	6 30
4 25	10 15	7 30	..Eldred..	9 25	4 46	6 40
			B. B. & C. R. R.			
3 45	9 30		..Ceres..	10 35	5 0.	
3 52	9 17		L. ttle Genesee	11 05		
3 30	9 06		Lv..Bolivar..Ar	11 15	6 2.	
2 53	8 38		..Allentown..	11 45	5 53	
2 15	8 00		lv Wellsville ar	12 30	6 30	
p m	a m	a m		a m	p m	

p m	a m	a m		a m	a m	p m
6 20	2 05	9 05	ar..Bradford..lv	7 00	10 15	5 00
5 47	1 50	8 50	Kinzua Junct'n	8 00	10 55	5 45
5 38	1 33	8 23	..Aiken..	8 3	11 02	5 52
5 31	1 26	8 16	..Davis..	8 44	11 09	5 59
5 23	1 18	8 08	..Simpson..	8 56	11 17	6 07
5 11	1 00	7 50	..Ormsby..	9 05	11 28	6 19
4 46	12 10	7 24	..Smethport..	9 25	11 55	6 42
4 33	11 59	7 25	..Mt. Jewett..	9 38	12 05	6 47
4 00	11 40	6 45	..Kane..	10 10	12 30	7 ..

JNO. C. McKENNA, Superintendent.

Coudersport & Port Allegany Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, June 20 1887

AR. EASTW'D A M	P M	P M	STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D A M		P M
11 17	8 34	1 17	Coudersport	6.00	1.12	5.30
11 02	8.30	1 13	Hammonds	8.06	1 16	..14
10.56	8.25	1 08	Fish Basket	8.07	1 2.	3.06
10.51	8.22	1.0.	Olmsted	8.10	1.24	2 17
10.46	8 17	1.00	Nelsons	8.17	1 30	5 17
10.38	8.09	12.52	Knowlton	8.26	1.38	5 25
10.33	8.03	12.45	Roulette	8.31	1.47	5.34
10.26	7.58	12.40	Pomeroy Bridge	8.36	1.51	5 ..
10.17	7.51	12.31	Burtville	8.45	2.00	5 45
10.0.	7 45	12.23	Coleman	8.54	.10	5.5.
10 00	7 40	12.17	Port Allegany	9.0.	2.18	6.05

Trains run on eastern standard time.
B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect May 11, 1890.
TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION
EASTWARD.

8:25, a. m.—Day Express, daily except Sunday for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6 45 p. m., Washington, 8 15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

8:55 p. m.—Erie Mail daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Phila., New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 a. m., New York 9.30 a. m., Baltimore 6:45 a. m., Washington 7:30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:25 a. m.—Erie Mail daily for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7 15 p. m.—Niagara Express, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.
Niagara Express leaves New York 6:20 a. m. Philadelphia 8.50 a. m., Baltimore 9:00 a. m. daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7 15 p. m. with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport. Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m. Baltimore 11:20 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10:25 a.m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

Homeseekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Mon. — Free Lands.
100 or more along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now. — New Towns.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates on their markets for products. — Low Rates.
Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakota and Montana. Best climate for health seekers. — Hunting, Fishing.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.
In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land. — Health, Wealth.
Sweet Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The Stock Raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.
The region tributary to great Northern Ry. Line in Montana produces all precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being [illegible]. — Gold, Coal.
Go to the great reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and free sleepers on Great Northern Ry. Line. Go now. — Milk River.
There have made Montana the richest state per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time. — Herds, Mines.
Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal and new cities and towns. Now is your chance. — Young Man!
Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's future centre. — Great Falls.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, & Oct. 14 1890. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn. — G. N. R. L.

GEO. P. MORGAN



$7.50 $7.50
A Full Size, 40-pound
HAIR MATTRASS
FOR $7.50
On receipt of above amount I will forward [illegible] my celebrated Mattrasses, which are guaranteed [illegible] as represented or money refunded.
I will also furnish Country Cottages of 10 rooms
FOR 175.00
Morgan's Furniture Warerooms,
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N. B.—Would be pleased to have you call [illegible] in the city.

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